

# **Build-A-Board<sup>®</sup>**

**for Windows**

**The Next Generation of Onscreen Keyboards**

**Version 2.20 Release 3**

**User's Guide**

**Build-A-Board®: for Windows; The Next Generation of Onscreen Keyboards; Version 2.20 Release 3; User's Guide**

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# Part I. Getting Started

**General information about this guide, the product, installation, and getting started (how to get Build-A-Board running).**

**Chapter 1 - Quick Start** contains details on the fastest way to install & begin using Build-A-Board

**Chapter 2 - Getting Started** has more information about this guide, Build-A-Board features, Installing / Un-Installing, Licensing Information, Standard Settings, using Build-A-Board Setup, Commonly Asked Questions, and information about Customer Support.

# Chapter 1. Quick Start

## Install Build-A-Board

- In Windows, insert the CD or DVD - the AutoRun feature will load the Installation Assistant - you may Install a licensed product , Install other product demos, or view Release Information. **If you have a Certificate of Authenticity, enter your License Key, Serial Number, and Name to Install and automatically License.**
- If AutoRun is not enabled:
- In Windows, Click on the Start Button
- Select Run
- Select D:SETUP, or type D:SETUP (or E:SETUP if CD/DVD drive E:, etc.)
- Press (ENTER) or click on OK
- In some versions of Windows, you may not have the Run Option - select Computer, your CD/DVD drive, and open Setup
- Answer the questions and follow the instructions on your screen

**Note:** You may also Un-Install Build-A-Board by running SETUP.EXE After Build-A-Board has been properly installed. (Build-A-Board Setup will ask you if you wish to Un-Install.) This has been provided as a convenience to the user. It is recommended that you use the Control Panel | Add/Remove Programs Icon to remove Build-A-Board.

## Start Build-A-Board

Click on the Start Button, and open the Start Menu.

Select (All) Programs, then Select Build-A-Board. Build-A-Board menu will have selections corresponding to the icons in the group. Select Build-A-Board to begin operation.

Build-A-Board will automatically run after install. You may click on the small icon in the tray (near the clock) for Build-A-Board menu. Refer to the on-line help, and the User's guide for features and capabilities of Build-A-Board.

# Chapter 2. Getting Started

## Build-A-Board User's Guide

Version 2.20 Release 3

08/09/2010

The Next Generation of OnScreen Keyboards

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This manual and product represent over 18 years of on-going development, testing, and support. Licensed users of the software are the most important aspect of the entire process that brings this manual and product into existence. Please be respectful of all parties involved.

### **Trademarks:**

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### **Copyrights**

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Build-A-Board User's Guide Copyright © 1992-2010 Innovation Management Group, Inc.

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## Using this Guide

This guide is a comprehensive collection of details, notes, and information about Build-A-Board. Portions are incorporated within the product itself, and it is also available in various forms (e.g. printed, on-line, PDF, etc.).

### **Important User Information**

This guide is for users who are familiar with Windows, its basic concepts, and how to operate within Windows. If you are not, the information you may need to fully utilize Build-A-Board and this guide may be limited. You may wish to review Windows help, tutorials, and other available information on using and operating Windows before continuing using this guide.

### **Conventions used within this guide**

**Note:** Notes and other additional information will be indicated in this way

## Warning

Special and other important details to pay close attention to will appear this way

## What is Build-A-Board?

My-T-Soft® Build-A-Board is a suite of utilities that provide tools to create and operate on-screen keyboards, panels, and buttons. These enhancements allow touchscreen, hand-held, wearable, wireless, ruggedized, tablet and pen-based computer users to operate these systems without the need for a physical keyboard. This results in space saving; reduced hardware costs; quick & low-cost user-training; cleaner machine interfaces; enabling legacy equipment retrofits; and realization of new & innovative approaches for computer users.

Build-A-Board is the evolving culmination of years of experience working with the needs of end-users and system providers & their use of IMG's successful My-T-Soft® family of on-screen keyboards. Developed to meet the needs of manufacturers, integrators, developers, and end-users of touchscreen & pen-based systems, it is the Ultimate Tool for anyone with a need for virtual on-screen keyboards & keypads.

## Why do I need Build-A-Board?

The on-screen keyboard has become a readily recognized tool for working with touchscreen and pen/stylus based systems. When the need for security, customization, flexibility, or unique and special applications creates a situation where a custom keyboard (or interface) is required, Build-A-Board provides the tools and capabilities necessary to create and deploy a solution on all major computer platforms and operating systems.

## Features

- Drag and drop keys with modifiable labels, actions, views
- Multiple target platforms - Windows, Linux, Mac OS X, etc.
- Create any on screen keypad, keyboard, or membrane layout
- Replace old legacy membrane panels with virtual onscreen panel replicas
- Select Colors of Text, Keys, and Panels
- Use High Resolution 3D on keys
- Drag & drop images / add images to keys and panels
- Select Fonts
- Build & Test within the Builder Environment locally (does not require Target system)
- Cut/Copy/Paste Keys

- Align keys - Top/Left/Bottom/Right/Horizontal Center/Vertical Center
- Evenly Space Keys
- Size Keys to match Width/Height/Both Width & Height
- Center Key or Keys
- Create keystrokes along with full-featured macros in Key Action
- Built-in Commands: Close, Minimize, Save Position
- Open different layouts from user-accessible keys or manage programmatically
- Play MIDI files (on supported platforms)
- Play Sounds (Wave files) (on supported platforms)
- Run External programs, Execute Shortcuts, Use File Associations to launch host application
- Save and Manage projects

## What You Need

To run Build-A-Board you need the following equipment (hardware requirements):

- IBM 80386 or higher or compatible
- 50 mb hard disk space available
- 256 mb memory or higher
- Windows 2000 / XP / Vista / 7
- VGA or SVGA recommended
- Supported Run-Time Target device

## Installing / Un-Installing Build-A-Board

- In Windows, insert the CD or DVD - the AutoRun feature will load the Installation Assistant - you may Install a licensed product , Install other product demos, or view Release Information. **If you have a Certificate of Authenticity, enter your License Key, Serial Number, and Name to Install and automatically License.**
- If AutoRun is not enabled:
- In Windows, Click on the Start Button
- Select Run
- Select D:SETUP, or type D:SETUP (or E:SETUP if CD / DVD drive E:, etc.)
- Press [Enter] or click on OK
- In some versions of Windows, you may not have the Run Option - select Computer, your CD/DVD drive, and open Setup
- Answer the questions and follow the instructions on your screen

**Note:** You may also Un-Install Build-A-Board by running SETUP.EXE After Build-A-Board has been properly installed. (Build-A-Board Setup will ask you if you wish to Un-Install.) This has been provided as a convenience to the user. It is recommended that you use the Control Panel | Add/Remove Programs Icon to remove Build-A-Board.

## Starting Build-A-Board

Click on the Start Button, and open the Start Menu. Select (All) Programs, then Select Build-A-Board. Build-A-Board menu will have selections corresponding to the icons in the group. Select Build-A-Board to begin operation.

The following icons will also be available in Build-A-Board group:

**Build-A-Board** - runs Build-A-Board

**Build-A-Board Help** - opens Build-A-Board Help (opens this document)

**Licensing Information** - Displays current license status of Build-A-Board, allows instant licensing

## Licensing Information

Build-A-Board uses the IMG License Manager to manage the licensed use of this product. If unlicensed, the operation will be as an evaluation - you can work with the Builder, but will not be able to save any customizations - you can still build and work with samples, but will not be able to generate licensed Run-Time targets. In the evaluation (unlicensed) mode, Build-A-Board will upon exit display the license manager (announcing that it is unlicensed). For extended evaluation and testing purposes, please contact IMG Customer Service for an evaluation license. Once licensed, the operation will not be limited in any way.

**Note:** The only way to generate licensed Run-Time Targets will be from a licensed version of Build-A-Board. However, systems running Build-A-Board generated layouts may also license the Run-Time software separately (system license).

The most common methods of licensing are electronic (web/e-mail based) and by certificate (Certificate of Authenticity). In both cases, there will be a registered serial number, and a license key made available once a license has been purchased - these need to be entered into the IMG License Manager to activate a valid license. For further details, refer to the IMG License Manager. There is also USB storage device licensing, so Build-A-Board can be run from the USB device, simply by inserting the licensed device into any system.

**Note:** There are numerous license schemes (including OEM, site, & enterprise licenses) available to meet the needs of all our customers. If you have any licensing questions, please contact Innovation Management Group, Inc. directly.

## License Manager

In order to License Build-A-Board, the correct License Key and Serial Number must be entered into the IMG License Manager, along with some text for the Customer (and optional Company) text areas. The License Key and Serial Number can be found on the Certificate of Authenticity, or in the Software Unlock Codes e-mail.

### Build-A-Board License Manager - Authentication

**IMG License Manager - Authentication**

— License Information - Version 2.20.24242 —  
 This product is locked in Demo mode. To unlock, register, and license this product, a registered Serial #, License Key and Customer Name must be entered. Please enter the information from your Certificate of Authenticity. To purchase a License, click on the Purchase License Now button (Internet connection required).

— Information to provide with Payment —  
 System ID: B220-1AD5-A5F3-A022

The System ID is required for proper licensing! It is important that the System ID be obtained from the already installed software. Click on Purchase License Now (above) to use this System ID.

— Enter Unlock Codes —  
 (Sent after payment approved)

License Key:   
 Serial No.:   
 Customer:   
 Company:

— Contacting Innovation Management Group, Inc. & License Information —  
 World Wide Web: <http://www.imgpresents.com/order.htm>  
 E-mail: [order@imgpresents.com](mailto:order@imgpresents.com)  
 USA & Canada (Toll Free): 1-800-889-0987

The License Key and Serial No. entries are a matched pair, and will work together to unlock the software. The Customer entry is required (i.e. some text must be entered in the Customer text area), but is not part of the license unlock process. The Company text area is optional, and will be shown as the Source when the product is licensed.

To quickly and easily license the software (on a system that has internet access), simply click on the "Purchase License Now" button. Once connected to IMG's website, you will be asked to enter billing information and payment information. Once paid, your order will be processed, and you will receive a confirmation e-mail and a separate e-mail with license information. Once the order is fully processed, you can then click the "Retrieve Purchased License" button to automatically license your system.

**System ID Note:** The System ID is used to accurately match the Product and Version you wish to license with the License Information provided. If the system you wish to License does not have Internet Access, you can use the Copy System ID to Clipboard to accurately copy the System ID to the clipboard (which can be saved in a text file or other document and moved to a system that does have Internet Access).

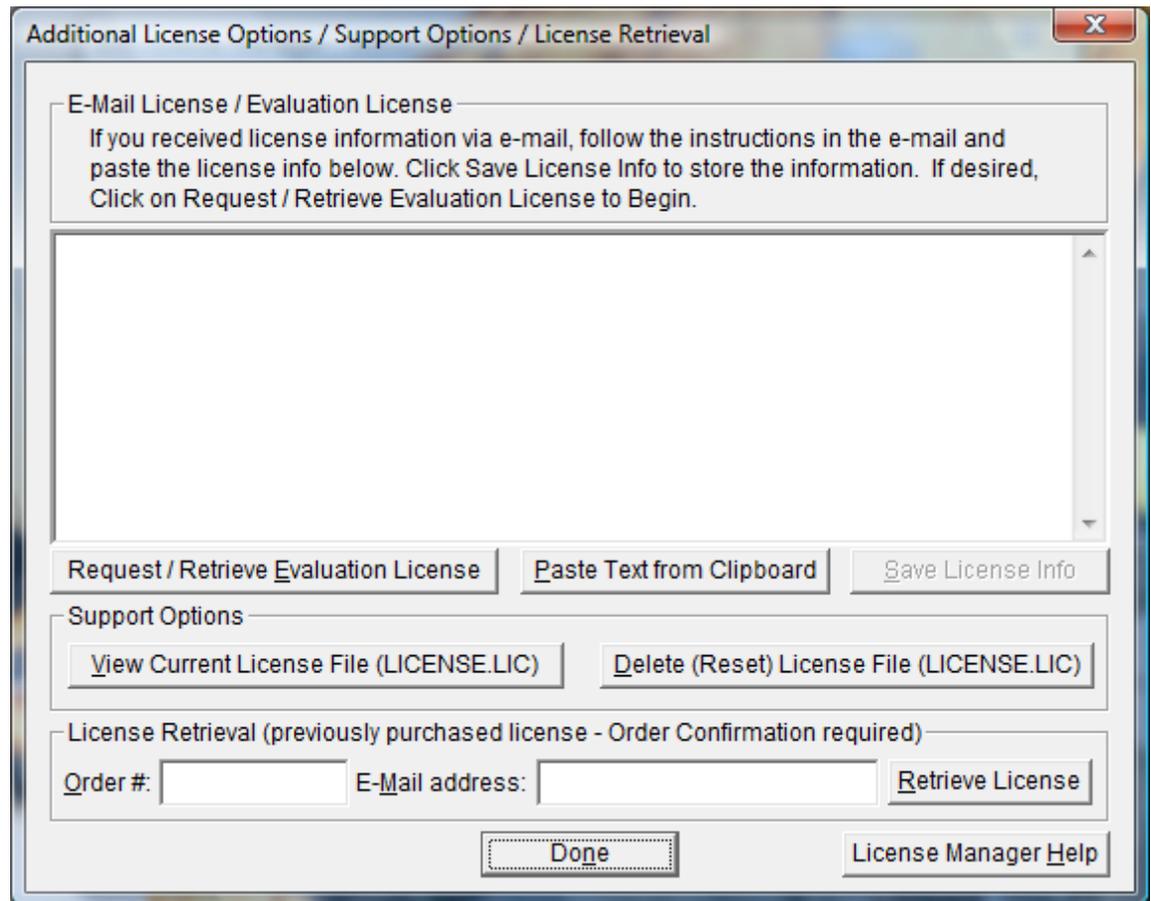
**Note:** The "Retrieve Purchased License" uses a unique identifier to automatically license your system (which is only sent if the "Purchase License Now" is used). If you try this on a different system, or after a system update or re-install (or after a change to this unique ID), the software will not license automatically. You will either need to enter the License Key and Serial Number, or go into Additional License Options (see below) and use your Order Confirmation Number and Order E-mail to retrieve the license.

**Important Note:** Be sure to save and/or print your Order Confirmation number (with Order E-mail), along with your License Key and Serial Number in case you need to re-license the software in the future (Operating System Re-install, hard disk reformat, new system, etc.)

**Certificate of Authenticity Note:** For Electronic Licenses, and Certificate of Authenticity can be retrieved on IMG's website: <https://www.imgpresents.com/orders/account/licmanager.htm>. This requires a valid License Key and Serial Number. Once entered, you may view a PDF of the Certificate, or download the Certificate of Authenticity PDF file (for printing or saving).

## **Build-A-Board License Manager - Additional License**

## Options



The Additional License Options section has tools and options to Enter or Paste Evaluation or Other License Information; Request and Retrieve Evaluation Licenses; Support Options to View and Delete (Reset) the License file; and a mechanism to retrieve a Purchased License by entering the Order Confirmation Number and the Order E-mail address.

Often, interested parties want to review or test the software without the demonstration license limitations, and to accommodate this, IMG makes available Evaluation Licenses. These Evaluation Licenses are fully functional licenses, but with a date limit (when the evaluation date has passed, the software will return back to the Unlicensed, Demonstration mode).

Evaluation Licenses may be requested at the Product Download pages on the website, or by using the Request / Retrieve Evaluation License button here. Note that all Evaluation License requests are reviewed, and Evaluation Licenses must be created by IMG personnel (generation is not automated).

An Evaluation License sent via e-mail contains a block of text that has the license details for the License Manager. When sent via e-mail, the text can be copied and subsequently pasted into the text area here (Paste Text from Clipboard), then saved to enable (set) the License Information (Save License Info).

Alternatively, if an Evaluation License is Requested, then after processing, it may be automatically Retrieved directly by clicking the Request / Retrieve Evaluation License button. Please refer to any additional information provided by the messages shown when using this approach.

The View Current License File (LICENSE.LIC) button will load the file LICENSE.LIC from the installation folder. This file contains the actual license information for the product, or the license

information used to validate a License Key and Serial Number.

**Note:** Because an Evaluation License uses this same file, the Delete (Reset) option should be used if Licensing the product after using an Evaluation License.

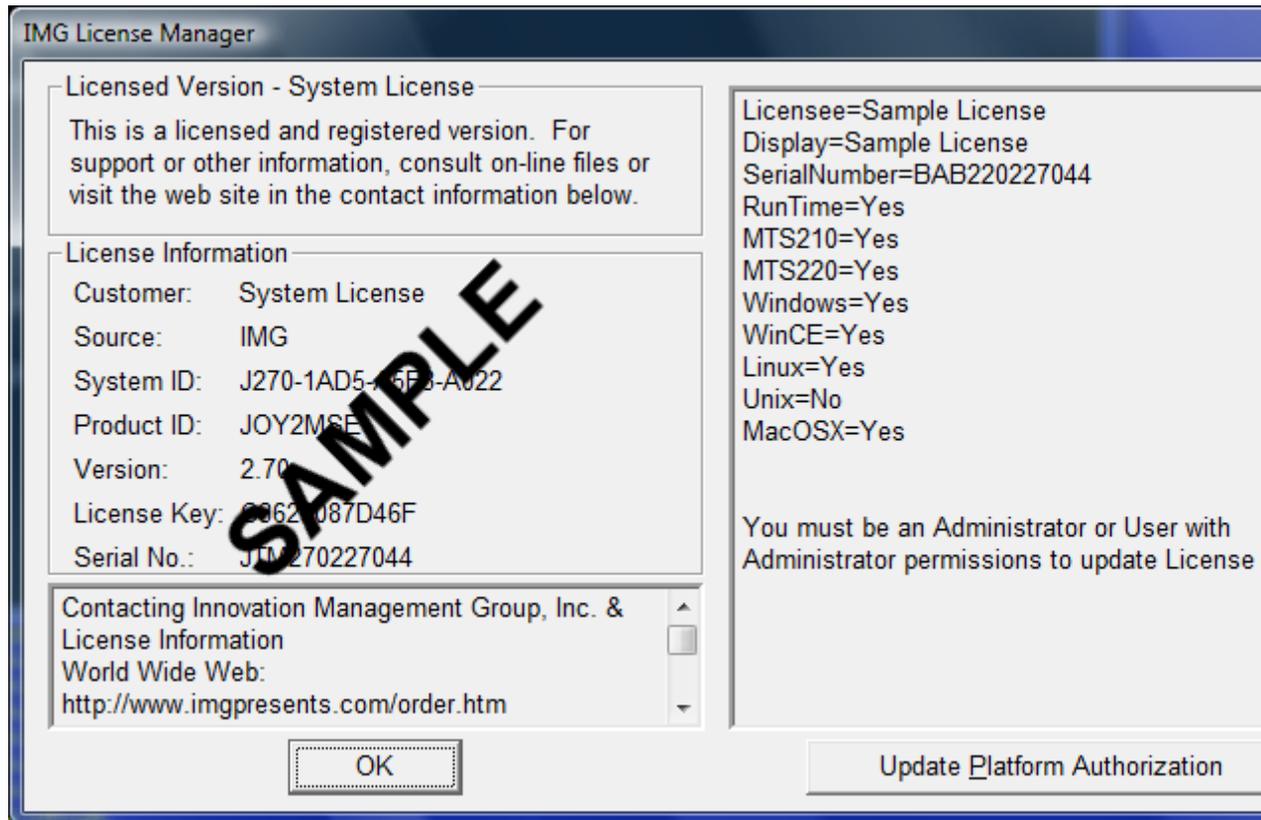
The Delete (Reset) License File (LICENSE.LIC) will remove the existing LICENSE.LIC, then copy the file LICENSE.ORG to LICENSE.LIC (both in the installation folder). The file LICENSE.ORG is the "as shipped" license file, and should be the License File when using a License Key and Serial Number to license the software.

**Note:** For License Purposes, using the Support Option to Delete (Reset) the License File is essentially the same as un-installing, then re-installing the software. Because this option is quicker and simpler, it is the preferred approach to resolve any license issues. Note that manually copying the file LICENSE.ORG to LICENSE.LIC (in the installation folder) performs the same operation as this option.

The License Retrieval Option will retrieve License Information from IMG's Website for electronically purchased licenses. The Order Confirmation Number and Order E-mail is required (which appear on the Order Confirmation page provided after successfully placing an on-line order, and are provided separately via an Order Confirmation E-mail).

**Note:** For Retrieved Licenses (via Retrieve Purchased License, and via the Retrieve License Support Option), License Key and Serial Number information is processed exactly as if this information was directly entered in the Authentication area. Therefore, all issues that may affect licensing also apply to these automated options (e.g. License File status, User permissions, etc.)

## Build-A-Board License Manager - Licensed Display



When properly Licensed, a screen similar to this will show the License Information for the product. The display of this indicates that the software is Licensed.

**Note:** Evaluation licenses also show this screen during the days that the Evaluation License is valid.

### Build-A-Board Platform Authorization

KBF Layouts are licensed for operation on different platforms, and this is indicated with the Platform Authorization section of the Licensed Display in Build-A-Board. For each platform that indicates Yes, a built KBF can run on that platform (with the Platform Run-Time Target version of My-T-Soft) and will be licensed for target operation with no other action - i.e. licensed operation for platform is embedded in the KBF generated from a licensed version of Build-A-Board.

**Note:** To obtain additional platform licenses, please contact IMG Customer Service.

On platforms that are indicated with a No, your built layout will still operate, but the license status will be unlicensed, and the Run-Time target will operate as an evaluation version (demo only). After 100 keystrokes, the Run-Time target program will close (and if available, a DEMO.KBF will be shown). On some platforms, the Run-Time target may be licensed separately (system type license, tied to the system, allowing KBFs generated from a licensed Build-A-Board to operate, even if not licensed for that particular platform).

In general, as long as you have a proper license for Build-A-Board, and the platforms you wish to generate KBF layouts for are indicated as Yes, everything will work seamlessly. Referring to this Licensed Display will verify the actual license(s) available.

**Note:** There are numerous license schemes (including OEM, site, & enterprise licenses) available to meet the needs of all our customers. If you have any licensing questions, please contact Innovation Management Group, Inc. directly.

## Commonly Asked Questions

### Compatibility

#### 1. Does the My-T-Soft Keyboard work with all Windows Applications?

Yes.

#### 2. Does the My-T-Soft Keyboard for Linux work with GNOME, or KDE, or only certain distributions?

The run-time software for Linux is written at the XLib level, which means just about all newer Linux Distributions (and many older distros), running GNOME / KDE / or other similar Window Manager, will have no issues with the run-time My-T-Soft for Linux.

### Build-A-Board Operation

#### 3. What is the difference between the builder and the run-time keyboards?

The builder is the development tool that let's you customize layouts, and choose targets. For actual End-Users that just need to use the keyboard layout, only the run-time software (installed on the target system) is required. Your layout will be a .KBF file (KeyBoard File with a file extension of KBF), and if only one layout is used, the default KEYBOARD.KBF needs to be on the run-time target system. For multiple layouts, each layout's name needs to be available, along with the default opening layout (named KEYBOARD.KBF). Currently the Builder can only run within Windows, while the keyboards (as targets) can run in any supported platform, including Windows, Linux, and Mac OS X.

## Customer Support

Build-A-Board Software is backed by a support staff trained to provide you with fast, courteous service. Over the years, IMG has astounded individuals at the quality of its software and its support. So that we can continue to focus our resources on development and providing high-quality products & support, we do appreciate your assistance in reviewing the help, manual, and support information available at our website to see if the problem or question has already been addressed. However, if you need assistance beyond what the manual, tutorial, help files, and on-line support database provide, please contact IMG Customer Service:

Innovation Management Group, Inc.  
Customer Service  
179 Niblick Road #454  
Paso Robles, CA 93446  
USA

(800) 889-0987 (US & Canada)  
(818) 701-1579  
(818) 936-0200 (fax)  
<cs@imgpresents.com>  
<http://www.imgpresents.com>

To open a Technical Support case and create a support ticket, please refer to <https://www.imgpresents.com/orders/support/techsupport.htm>.

Please provide, or have the following information ready when you ask for assistance:

- Build-A-Board version number, update level.
- Registered serial number (or if running demo)
- Make and Model of your computer.
- Windows version number, any Service Packs or major updates.
- A description of the problem.
- If possible, a list of the steps required to recreate the problem.
- If you have seen an error code, record and report the number.
- Additional information may be required, such as monitor type, type of pointing device, amount of RAM in your system, other software running (anti-virus, spyware, virtual machine, etc.).

## Product Catalog

**Innovation Management Group, Inc.'s Products**

### **Commercial Division Products...**

Indestructible Keyboards & Indispensable Utilities!

#### **My-T-Soft® Build-A-Board**

The Ultimate Tool for creating and modifying On-Screen Keyboards, buttons, and Panels. My-T-Soft Family, plus Cross-Platform Support

#### **My-T-Pen® for Windows**

On-Screen Keyboards & Utilities for Pen Based Systems

#### **My-T-Touch® for Windows**

On-Screen Keyboards & Utilities for Touchscreens

#### **My-T-Soft® for Windows**

On-Screen Keyboards & Utilities for any pointing device

#### **My-T-Soft® TS for Terminal Services**

On-Screen Keyboards for Terminal Server / Terminal Services

#### **TouchRight Utilities**

Right Click Access for Pens & Touchscreens

## **Assistive Technology Division Products...**

Enabling Tools for Special Needs

### **AT Accessibility Suite**

IMG's Assistive Technology Software with site license options

### **Joystick-To-Mouse**

The Software That Lets You Run Windows With A Joystick!

### **My-T-Mouse®**

The Software That Makes Your Mouse a Mouse That Types! Indispensable & Utilities for any Mouse or Trackball

### **OnScreen**

Special Features for disabled & impaired users Word Prediction / Word Completion / Window Control / Scanning

### **OnScreen with CrossScanner**

Complete control of Windows from a single switch! Support for Keyboard, Mouse, Joystick interfaces

### **SmartClick**

Operate Windows without the need to Press/Click a Button

### **The Magnifier**

Area and Full Screen Magnifier, Cursor Locator, Visual Aids

### **WordComplete**

Word Completion, adaptive word prediction, Word List Management, etc. Type Better, Type Less - we do the rest!

## **For further information...**

**Contact your Local Software Dealer**

or

Innovation Management Group, Inc.  
179 Niblick Road #454  
Paso Robles, CA 93446  
USA  
(800) 889-0987 (US & Canada)  
(818) 701-1579  
(818) 936-0200 (fax)  
<csimgpresents.com>  
<http://www.imgpresents.com>  
<http://www.my-t-mouse.com>  
<http://www.my-t-pen.com>  
<http://www.my-t-soft.com>  
<http://www.my-t-touch.com>  
<http://www.onscreen-keyboard.com>  
<http://www.build-a-board.com>  
<http://www.joystick-to-mouse.com>

<http://www.themagnifier.us>

For International Contacts, please see Web Site...

My-T-Mouse<sup>®</sup>, My-T-Pen<sup>®</sup>, My-T-Touch<sup>®</sup> and My-T-Soft<sup>®</sup> are registered trademarks of Innovation Management Group, Inc.

# Part II. Build-A-Board Builder

**Description of how to operate and configure the Build-A-Board Builder - the management and design portion of creating and building custom on-screen keyboards and user interface panels.**

**Description of how to create, manage, and work with Build-A-Board source Projects.**

**Chapter 3 - Build-A-Board Operation** contains general operation information, along with an overview about each section within the Builder.

**Chapter 4 - Advanced Builder Information** additional information, configuration options, and advanced notes on Build-A-Board.

# Chapter 3. Build-A-Board Operation

## Build-A-Board Quick Usage Notes

**TERMINOLOGY** - the following outlines words and terms used throughout this manual and defines the specific meaning used within the context of Build-A-Board.

- **KEY** = used interchangeably with button, the user-interface control (often displayed as graphical button with up/down states). Pressing (clicking) a key triggers an action (Key Action).
- **PANEL** = Keys are arranged in groups onto Panels.
- **BOARD** = the actual layout of keys (buttons) in a configuration, as one or more Panels.
- **RUN-TIME TARGET** = this is the device, operating system, or platform where a board will be displayed on and presented to a user for operation (typically as an on-screen keyboard or user-interface component).
- **PROJECTS** = contains the details and definitions to manage and work with boards for one or more run-time targets.
- **KBF** = the single-file output that defines a board for a run-time target. This is the file extension to identify the file, and it is derived from KeyBoard File (.KBF).
- **SOURCE** = the actual SOURCE folder that contains the source files for projects and boards, or used as reference back to the Builder (which can manipulate, edit, and modify the Source of a board).
- **TARGET** = the actual TARGET folder that contains built run-time targets and KBF files for each project. Each project also gets a TEST target that is used during development to show the built board
- **BUILDER** = Application where boards can be created, modified, and KBF Run-Time data files are created. Manages projects (Source files) and Run-Time Targets (Target files). Provides a "rich-application" environment for Developers and Users working with Board & Key Properties.

### Quick Usage Notes

**Note:** For those users that prefer to jump right in, this is a quick step-by-step approach to build your first board.

#### 1) Select Project (Board)

Select existing sample or existing project, Default Size, or Set Board Size project. Details at Project Selection.

#### 2) Add Keys

Add New Key (Right-click | Add New Button, Edit | Add New Key, Insert key, Add Tool, click & drag on empty board area, drag & drop from Keys window (F8)). For additional information, see working with the Panel Display.

#### 3) Move & Size Keys

Click & Drag - Key area, moves key; frames, resizes key

Arrow keys - Move Key; with Ctrl & Shift, resizes frames

See Panel Display and Cursor Tools and Menus & Settings.

#### **4) Modify Keys**

Key area (Double-click, Right-click | Properties). See Key Properties for details.

#### **5) Build & Execute**

Build Board (Build menu | Build, Tool bar | Build, F9 key). Refer to Building Boards.

Execute My-T-Soft with Board layout from with Builder for testing (TARGET TEST Folder) (Build | Execute, Tool bar | Run, F10 key).

#### **6) Create Installation Files / Copy to Target System / Deployment.**

Other information at Run-Time Options

##### **Windows Systems:**

Run-Time | Create Installation Files

This will copy the appropriate files to a new location for installation on a system other than the development system.

##### **Windows CE Systems:**

By selecting an ActiveSync Synchronized folder in Run-Time | Setup ActiveSync folder, after a successful Build, My-T-Soft Run-Time files will be copied to the selected folder, and ActiveSync will synchronize with the Target System.

##### **Linux/Unix Systems:**

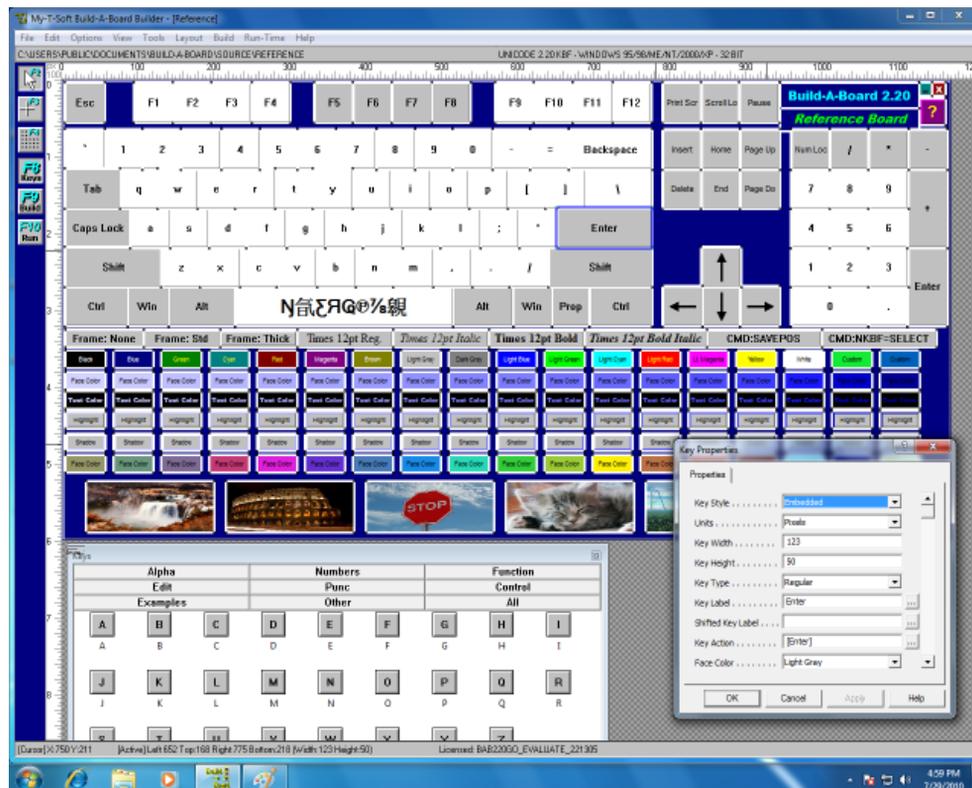
You must install the appropriate build onto the target system, then copy required KBF files to the target system (folder with mytsoft executable). Use Run-Time | View Project Run-Time Targets folder to view/access Target KBFs from built project(s).

##### **Mac OS X Systems:**

You must install the Mac OS X run-time onto the target system, then copy required KBF files to the target system (My-T-Soft application folder). Use Run-Time | View Project Run-Time Targets folder to view/access Target KBFs from built project(s).

## **Using Build-A-Board Builder**

The My-T-Soft® Build-A-Board Builder is the creation / design tool that allows you to create boards / panels / windows that contain keys & user-interface components, and manage your projects. This chapter outlines and describes the various aspects and features available within the Builder. The next chapter covers additional details and reference information about working with the builder and creating boards.



Projects contain Source files, and build Targets - in most cases, the output Target folder also contains the run-time Program (or install files for the run-time target selected). The data file is the KeyBoard File (.KBF) - this KBF contains the run-time ready layout designed in the builder.

Projects are saved in the Source folder (default [Shared Documents]\Build-A-Board\Source, e.g. \Users\Public\Documents\Build-A-Board\SOURCE). You may Build, Execute, and manage Run-time file sets from the Builder.

Projects can be configured to build for a selected Target (within any limitations imposed by the run-time target selected). These are saved as sub-folders in the Project folder in the TARGET folder (default [Shared Documents]\Build-A-Board\TARGET, e.g. \Users\Public\Documents\Build-A-Board\TARGET).

**Note:** All projects will have a TEST folder that contains the Windows based run-time target files to display and operate a built board from within the Builder - when asked to "Run" a built target, the MYTSOFT.EXE in this folder will be launched, and display and operate with the current project's built board

The Builder displays several optional windows, along with the main Panel Display where you can manipulate a My-T-Soft Panel - adding/deleting/modifying keys, their contents & actions.

### Project Selection

### Panel Display

### File Names

### Toolbar

### Rulers

### Status

**Cursor Tools**

**Menus & Settings**

In the next chapter, detailed usage and reference material is covered.

**Build-A-Board Overview & KBF Architecture**

**Building Boards**

**Run-Time Options**

**Key Properties**

**Window Properties**

**Global Settings**

**Project Properties**

**Projects & Files**

**Build-A-Board Text Compiler**

**Keyboard Macro File (KMF) Notes**

**KeyBoard File (KBF) Notes**

**Macrobat Macro Reference**

## Project Selection

The Project Selection is the default window shown when not working on an actual project (when the Builder is started). There are 2 fixed entries - New Project (Default Size) and New Project (Set Board Size). Then all other existing projects in the current SOURCE folder location (see Global Settings) are shown. If managed and native to the Builder, an thumbnail image will be displayed of the Board in the listed project, along with width/height of the board.

My-T-Soft Build-A-Board Builder - [Untitled]

File Edit Options View Tools Layout Build Run-Time Help

[NONE]

px 0 100 200 300 400 500

0

**New Project (Default)**



**New Project (Set Board Size)**



1

**Edit Pad (Small)**



**Edit Panel**



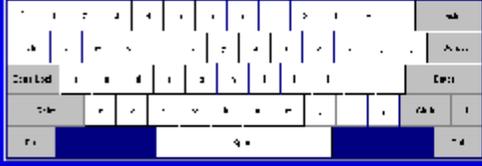
2

**Width: 120, Height: 140**

**Width: 163, Height: 265**

3

**Keyboard Large**



**Keyboard Numpad Sample 1**



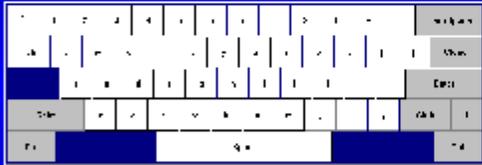
4

**Width: 780, Height: 264**

**Width: 400, Height: 140**

5

**Keyboard Sample 1**



**Keyboard Sample 2**



6

**Width: 780, Height: 264**

**Width: 450, Height: 140**

7

**Keyboard Sample 5**



**Keyboard Sample 6**



8

**Width: 600, Height: 288**

**Width: 450, Height: 160**

**Keyboard Sample 9**



**MACKkeyboard**

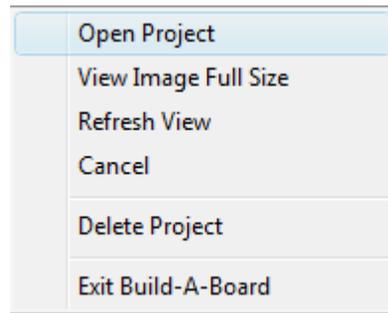


**Width: 400 Height: 140**

**Width: 589 Height: 195**

[Cursor] X:0 Y:0 [Active] Left:0 Top:0 Right:0 Bottom:0 (Width:0 Height:0) Unlicensed - L

The mouse is used to select your project choice. Left-Click to select and open a particular project. You can scroll up or down with the right-hand scroll bar, or use Home/End, PgUp/PgDn. You can also right-click on a project, and access a context menu with several options.



You can Open Project, View Image Full Size, Refresh View, Cancel, Delete Project, or Exit Build-A-Board.

- **Open Project** - this opens the project for editing (same as a mouse left click).
- **View Image Full Size** - the opens a window that displays the current project's image in full width/height. This window can be closed by clicking on it, or moving to another project selection.
- **Refresh View** - this will query the source folder and redisplay the Projects available.
- **Cancel** - cancels the context menu.
- **Delete Project** - this is the only way to remove and delete a project from within the Builder. You must verify this action, and be aware that the source files and folders, and all data pertaining to the project are deleted, and there is no way to recover this data once a project is deleted!
- **Exit Build-A-Board** - Exits and closes the Builder application.

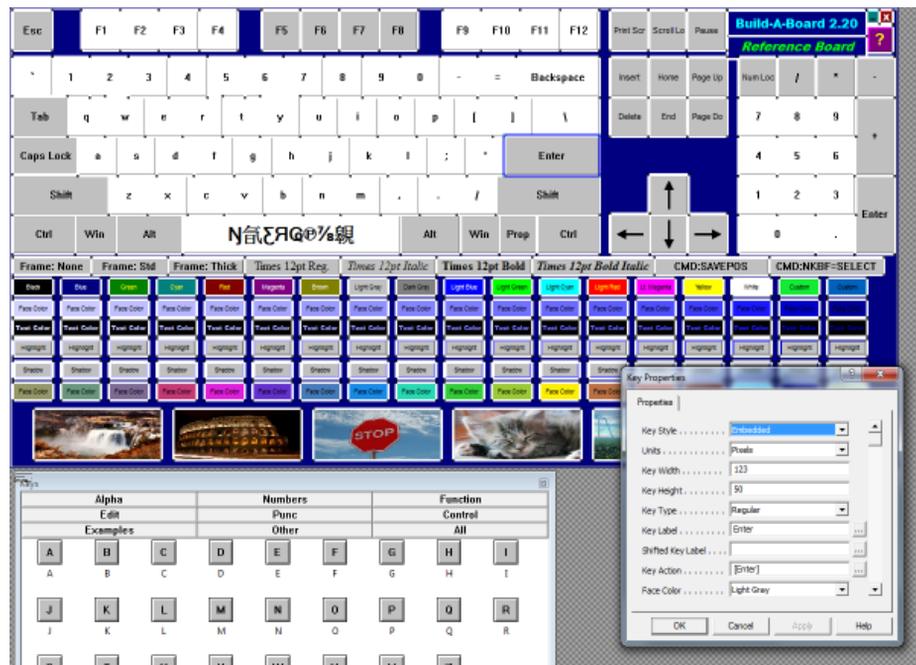
The available project selection is a special view into the SOURCE folder of projects. If you are unable to view projects, be sure to check the Global Settings of the properties page (F7) and verify the SOURCE location is correct.

When a project is opened, or saved, an image bitmap file is created in the SOURCE folder - this .BMP file name must match the Project name (also the Project's folder name) to be shown in the Project Selection window. If a folder exists that does not have an image associated with it, an "Unknown/Question mark keyboard layout" will be displayed - to update/create the image shown in the Project Selection window, you will need to open the project.

**Note:** The images and source files are managed within the Builder - users should not work with or manipulate these files externally unless they are familiar with files and structures (i.e. a developer or technical support personnel).

## Panel Display

The panel display is the largest portion of the Builder - it may not be removed. A My-T-Soft Panel may contain keys & have certain properties (Frame type, background color, etc.). The Panel Display area contains the Panel being worked on - if the Panel is smaller than the work area, a gray cross-hatched background is displayed.



There are many options for working with the Panel and Keys in this main window within the Builder. Most of the detail and reference information is in the next chapter.

### Panel

**Note:** In Versions 2.00, 2.10, 2.20 the Panel displayed in the Build-A-Board IS the My-T-Soft window display. The terms panel and board are interchangeable. The support of multiple windows, and multiple panels per window is managed at a run-time level, and is not handled within the Builder.

To Access Panel Properties (My-T-Soft Run-Time Window Properties) & Global Settings, right-click on the panel (area clear of any keys), then select Properties from the menu. This is also accessible with the F7 key.

You can resize the panel (board) and can either resize the keys with the board, or just resize the board (key size and positions do not change).

### Keys in Panel

#### Key Properties

To Access Key Properties, right-click on the Key face, then select Properties from the menu. You can also double-click on a key to go directly to the Key Properties.

#### Key Frames

Keys may be either selected, selected as the current selection, or unselected. The Key state is indicated by the Frame around it in the Builder (View menu). When frames are shown, the following indicates the Key state. You may Show/Hide frames with F5 or View Menu | View Frames. When View Frames is selected, you can limit the view to only selected keys by selecting View Menu | View Frames - Selected only.

Frame color - Key state

All White - unselected

Dark borders - selected (but not current selection)

Blue borders - selected as current selection

### **Key Sizing / Key Moving**

Keys can be sized / moved by using the frames (click & drag on frame segments). There are 8 frame segments per framed key, and can be used for left/right/up/down, or diagonals up/left, up/right, down/left, down/right. You can also move selected keys with the cursor keys - Arrows Left/Right/Up/Down. Frame moves are selected by holding the Shift key down while using the Arrow keys.

### **Key Alignment / Spacing / Center / Match Size**

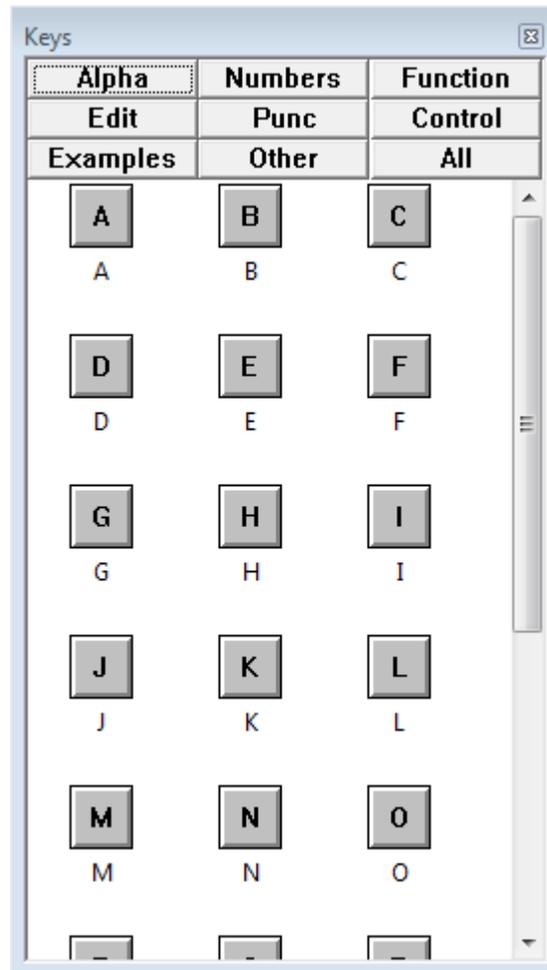
Keys can be Aligned, Spaced, Centered, size-matched via the Layout menu, and there are various keyboard short-cuts (see menu for details), e.g. the Ctrl/Arrow combinations does alignment of keys when there are multiple selections. For example, you can align a row of keys by dragging a selection rectangle around the row (selecting all keys), then using Ctrl-Up arrow to align the top of the keys (always referenced to the current selection (blue border)).

### **Grid**

You can toggle the view of a Grid to help you align keys with the F4 key, or Tools Menu | Grid. When the Grid is shown, keys will snap to grid points (top/left of key when dragging key, or frame segment being moved). You can increase/decrease the Grid size with the Tools Menu | Grid + and Tools Menu | Grid -, or the keyboard shortcuts Shift-F4/Shift-F3. Size ranges from 2 to 20, and current grid point size is shown on the top / left of the grid and the tool bar grid icon.

### **Keys Window**

The Keys Window is a quick selection tool to drag and drop keys onto a board - there are various categories (Alpha, Numeric, Edit, All, etc.) You can toggle the view of the Keys window with the F8 key, the View menu | View Keys, or the Tool bar.



**Technical Note:** The Keys window is managed by the KEYS.INI file in the BIN folder - the actual Keys shown, and the default labels and actions are contained within this file, and is relatively easy to modify for the technically minded - syntax notes and details are listed as comments in the file itself. Note that the 9 sections are fixed within the code itself, so the sections themselves cannot be added or subtracted.

## File Names

The File Names window is used to display the current project and target system.

```
C:\USERS\PUBLIC\DOCUMENTS\BUILD-A-BOARD\SOURCE\WELCOME SAMPLE
```

The Left-hand portion of the File Names window shows the current project. If it indicates [None], then there is no current project in use. By default, a project will be saved as Untitled if no named project is used. Use File | Save As to save the current project as a different named project.

The Right-hand portion of the File Names window shows the current selected Target System. To change the current Target System, use Run-Time | Select Target System.

The distinction between ANSI 2.10 and UNICODE 2.20 is important, especially when moving between different target types for the same project, or working with older 2.10 targets. The first

portion of the Target indicates what mode the Builder is in. If the actual target system is different than the Builder Mode, you may get warnings, or be unable to properly work with the project or target. You should always convert and work with the UNICODE 2.20 versions, unless you are targeting an older system that only can support the older ANSI 2.10. For older projects, and projects that target ANSI 2.10, you should not select UNICODE targets, or convert to 2.20 in the File menu, as projects targeting UNICODE 2.20 cannot be converted back to ANSI 2.10 (there is no mechanism, as data loss is likely).

To Show or Hide the File Names window, use View | View File Names. You may also right-click on the File Names window & select Hide to remove the window from the Build-A-Board workspace.

## Toolbar

The Toolbar window is used to access various tools with the pointing device.



All of the Toolbar options are available via Menu Selections, or direct by keyboard (Function key). The Toolbar is just an aid to quickly access common options.

### Select [F2]

The Select option shifts the Cursor Tool to the Select mode, where keys can be selected, or groups of keys can be selected.

### Add [F3]

The Add option shifts the Cursor Tool to the Add mode, where keys can be added just by clicking and dragging, or single-clicking.

### Grid [F4]

The Grid option toggles the grid mode on and off. When in Grid mode, keys snap to grid points. Grid points can quickly be expanded/contracted with Shift-F3 and Shift-F4.

### Keys [F8]

The Keys option toggles the Keys window visible or hidden.

### Build [F9]

The Build option initiates the Build process for the current project with the currently selected target.

### Run [F10]

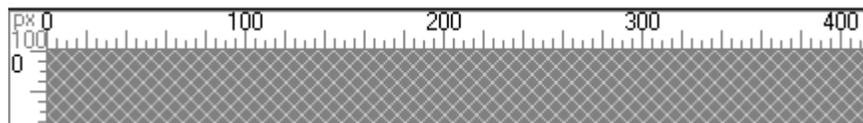
The Run option runs the Test (within the Builder) run-time target (Windows run-time) to display and operate the most currently built target KBF.

To Show or Hide the Toolbar window, use View | View Toolbar. You may also right-click on the Toolbar window & select Hide to remove the window from the Build-A-Board workspace.

**Note:** The Toolbar is not user-modifiable

## Rulers

The Rulers windows are used to display a guide in the units of the current panel.



The Rulers position themselves to the left & top of the Panel Display work area.

To Show or Hide the Rulers windows, use View | View Rulers. You may also right-click on the Ruler window & select Hide to remove the window from the Build-A-Board workspace.

## Status

The Status window is used to display the cursor position, Active key information, and License information.



The Cursor position is in units of the current panel, in reference to the panel. The upper-left corner is position 0,0.

The Active key (Selected & highlighted blue) details show size, position, width & height.

To Show or Hide the Status window, use View | View Status. You may also right-click on the Status window & select Hide to remove the window from the Build-A-Board workspace.

## Cursor Tools

My-T-Soft Build-A-Board has several selections & uses for the mouse cursor during the creation phase to assist the user while creating layouts.

### Select Mode (Tools | Select)

Left-click on a key: Select key and make active

Left-click & drag on key: Moves key

Left-Double-click on key: Opens Key Properties page

Left-Double-click on board (panel) background: Opens resize board dialog

Left-click & drag on board, then release: Opens selection rectangle from original anchor point - selects any keys within boundary

Left-click on board (panel) background - clear current key selections

#### Add Mode (Tools | Add)

Left-click & drag, then release: Opens rectangle from original anchor point, adding new key at location & sized to rectangle upon release of mouse left button.

Left-click & on blank area: Add key with default size.

In either mode, the Right-click acts as follows:

Right-click: Opens context menu for pointed to object (Board, Key, etc.)

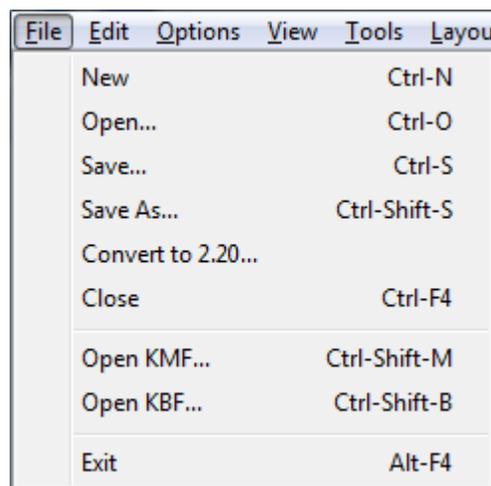
Right-click & drag on board: If board is larger than display area, positions board within display area (Moves board directly, quicker than using scroll bars)

## Menus & Settings

The following lists detailed information about the Build-A-Board menu selections, along with the settings they control.

**Note:** Menu options will be grayed (disabled) when they are not appropriate, or don't apply based on various selections & settings. Ensure you have the correct/appropriate Key (or Keys) Selected, or check selected options if you are trying to perform a menu option and it is not available.

### File Menu



New (Keyboard Shortcut = Ctrl-N)

- Creates a New Project (Untitled). You will be asked to save the current project if necessary.

Open... (Keyboard Shortcut = Ctrl-O)

- Opens an existing Project. You will be asked to save the current project if necessary prior to opening another.

Save... (Keyboard Shortcut = Ctrl-S)

- Saves the current project - if no name selected, it will be saved as Untitled.

Save As... (Keyboard Shortcut = Ctrl-Shift-S)

- Saves the current project with the name specified.

Convert to 2.20...

- This will only be enabled for 2.10 / Level 1 projects. The Key Properties for the layout are updated, and saved in the Level 2 format. Once converted, a project cannot be reverted back to Level 1 / 2.10. A copy of the 2.10 project will be saved in the Source folder (Named "Copy of ...").

Close (Keyboard Shortcut = Ctrl-F4)

- Will ask to save if necessary. This will compress all project files into 1 "Closed Project File" and remove the current project from the Build-A-Board workspace.

Open KMF... (Keyboard Shortcut = Ctrl-Shift-M)

- This will open a KMF file from pre 2.00 versions. There is no editing available for KMF files, and for display purposes, a matching pre 2.00 KBF file must be available. For more information on KMF Files and details on this option, see KMF File Notes.

**Note:** More advanced capabilities for this option will be available in the future.

Open KBF... (Keyboard Shortcut = Ctrl-Shift-B)

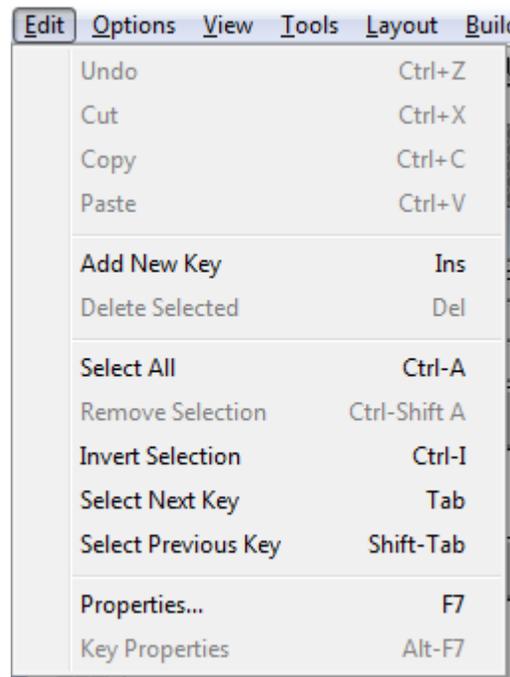
- This will open an existing KBF file from pre 2.00 versions. Limited Editing is available - the ability to hide keys (Key Properties), and resize keys can be handled within the current version. For more information on KBF Files and details on this option, see KBF File Notes.

**Note:** More advanced capabilities for this option will be available in the future, including the ability to automatically extract KBF files to Source projects.

Exit (Keyboard Shortcut = Alt-F4)

- This will Exit & Close Build-A-Board - you will be asked if you wish to save the current project (if necessary).

**Edit Menu**



Undo (Keyboard Shortcut = Ctrl+Z)

- Reverses the previous action(s) - up to 25 undo levels are supported

Cut (Keyboard Shortcut = Ctrl+X)

- Copies the selected key(s) to the clipboard, and deletes them from the current project.

Copy (Keyboard Shortcut = Ctrl+C)

- Copies the selected key(s) to the clipboard.

Paste (Keyboard Shortcut = Ctrl+V)

- Pastes the current clipboard contents onto the Panel.

Add New Key (Keyboard Shortcut = Ins)

- This Adds a key onto the panel. The default size is 20 pixels wide, 30 pixels high.

Delete Selected (Keyboard Shortcut = Del)

- This deletes any selected keys.

Select All (Keyboard Shortcut = Ctrl-A)

- Selects all keys on the Panel.

Remove Selection (Keyboard Shortcut = Ctrl-Shift A)

- Removes selection from all keys.

Invert Selection (Keyboard Shortcut = Ctrl-I)

- Selects all currently non-selected keys, and removes the selection from currently selected keys.

Select Next Key (Keyboard Shortcut = Tab)

- Selects and highlights the next key in the internal order.

Select Previous Key (Keyboard Shortcut = Shift-Tab)

- Selects and highlights the previous key in the internal order.

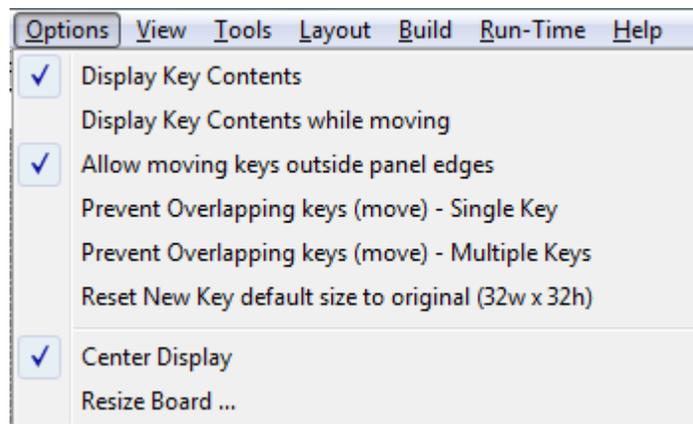
Properties... (Keyboard Shortcut = F7)

- Opens the Property page for the Panel - you may also access Global Settings from this page (Global Settings tab)

Key Properties... (Keyboard Shortcut = Alt-F7)

- Opens the Key Property page for the current actively selected Key (if available).

### Options Menu



Display Key Contents

- When selected On, this will show the Key Contents. This is default On, you would only want this off if you have a slower system with a slow video card, or notice paint delays on the keys while working within Build-A-Board.

Display Key Contents while moving

- This is default Off, as it repaints the keys while you are moving them. This should only be On for fast systems with high-speed video capabilities.

Allow moving keys outside panel edges

- This allows keys to move outside the edges of the panel. It is default Off, and limits keys from moving outside the edges of the panel.

Prevent Overlapping keys (move) - Single Key

- This forces a moving key to position itself in a clear area of the board. It is default On - while moving a key, you will notice it "hop" around as it tries to find a clear area to position itself.

Prevent Overlapping keys (move) - Multiple Keys

- This monitors all keys during multiple key moves. It is default Off, because often there is not enough free space to position all keys being moved to a clear area. If On, Keys can position constantly if there is not enough free space to position they keys. This should be used with caution, and the awareness that there may not be a possible non-conflict during a multiple key move.

Reset New Key default size to original (32w x 32h)

- When working with Keys, you can select the default size for New Keys based on the current Key size. This Option allows you to reset to the 32 pixel wide by 32 pixel high default size.

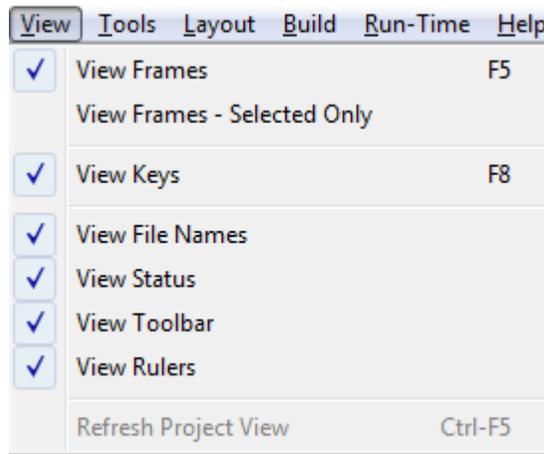
Center Display

- This is default On, and positions the panel in the center of the Build-A-Board work area. When Off, the panel will be positioned in the upper-left of the work area.

Resize Board ...

- This opens a dialog to resize the Panel (Board) - you also have the option to resize the keys in proportion to the new sized board.

### View Menu



View Frames (Keyboard Shortcut = F5)

View Frames - Selected Only

- When View Frames is On, the frames around the keys is shown - for more details on the frames, see Panel Display, Keys.
- When viewing frames, you may also select the option to only view the frames of the Selected Keys.
- To Show the keys without the selection frames, toggle View Frames to Off. Note that you may still select a key or keys in the same way, but there will not be any visual indication of the current selection. Sizing will need to be done via the keyboard cursor keys (arrows), or the Key property page.

View Keys (Keyboard Shortcut = F8)

- This toggles the Window showing the Drag & Drop Keys for the 9 categories - Alpha, Numeric, Edit, All, etc.

View File Names

View Status

View Toolbar

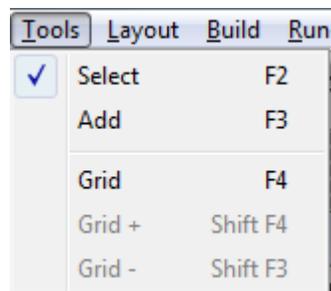
View Rulers

- These 4 items on the View Menu allows you to toggle on & off the display of the various windows within the Build-A-Board workspace.

Refresh Project View

- This View option is only available when in the Project Select view - if selected, it will reload the current Source folder, and update the Project View..

### Tools Menu



Select (Keyboard Shortcut = F2)

Add (Keyboard Shortcut = F3)

- Select & Add are the 2 cursor tools in Build-A-Board - they are mutually exclusive. See Cursor Tools for more details.

Grid (Keyboard Shortcut = F4)

- The Grid toggles on & off the grid display within the Panel.

Grid + (Keyboard Shortcut = Shift-F4)

- This increases the current Grid size by 1, up to the maximum grid size.

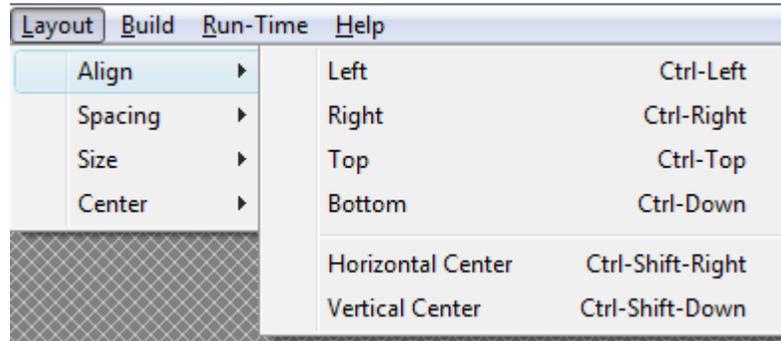
Grid - (Keyboard Shortcut = Shift-F3)

- This decreases the current Grid size by 1, down to the minimum grid size.

### Layout Menu

The Layout Menu has several sub-menus with options to align, space, size, and center selected keys.

Layout Menu | Align



The Align commands all use the active selected key (blue-border) as the alignment anchor.

Left

- Positions all selected keys to have the same left-hand position as the active key.

Right

- Positions all selected keys to have the same right-hand position as the active key.

Top

- Positions all selected keys to have the same top position as the active key.

Bottom

- Positions all selected keys to have the same bottom position as the active key.

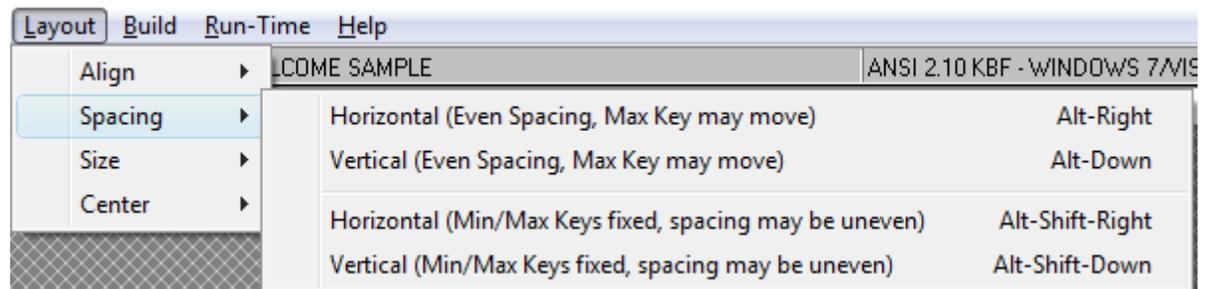
Horizontal Center

- Positions all selected keys to have the same horizontal-center position as the active key.

Vertical Center

- Positions all selected keys to have the same vertical-center position as the active key.

Layout Menu | Spacing



The Spacing command uses the minimum & maximum (Horizontal or Vertical) position of currently selected keys, and evenly spaces keys (with 2 options - spacing wins or keys win).

Horizontal (Even Spacing, Max Key may move)

- Forces even spaces between keys, may move the right-hand maximum key to accommodate.

Vertical (Even Spacing, Max Key may move)

- Forces even spaces between keys, may move the bottommost maximum key to accommodate.

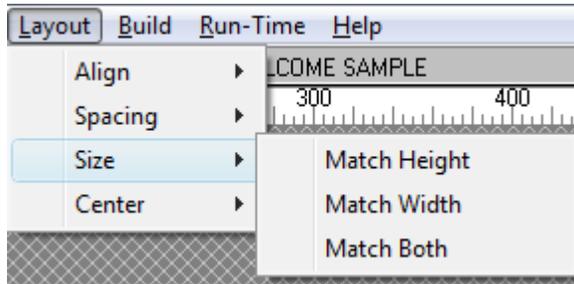
Horizontal (Min/Max Keys fixed, spacing may be uneven)

- The far-left & far-right keys remain fixed, so spacing may be uneven if units do not evenly divide.

Vertical (Min/Max Keys fixed, spacing may be uneven)

- The topmost & bottommost keys remain fixed, so spacing may be uneven if units do not evenly divide.

Layout Menu | Size



The Size command changes the selected key(s) size to match the active selected key (blue-border).

Match Height

- The height of all selected key(s) will match the active selected key.

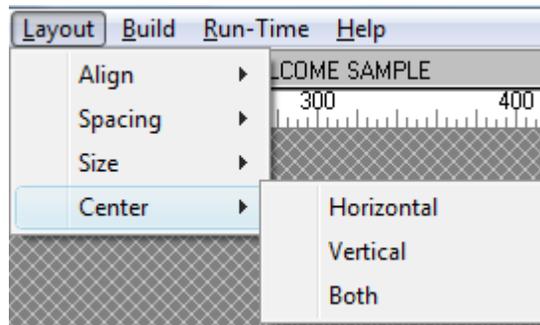
Match Width

- The width of all selected key(s) will match the active selected key.

Match Both

- The width & height of all selected key(s) will match the active selected key.

Layout Menu | Center



The Center command will center a selected key or key(s) horizontally, vertically, or both.

Horizontal

- Center the selected key or key(s) within the width of the panel.

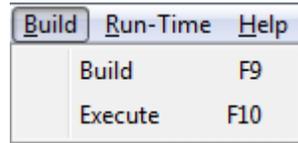
Vertical

- Center the selected key or key(s) within the height of the panel.

Both

- Center the selected key or key(s) within the width & height of the panel. (Center selected key(s) in panel).

### Build Menu



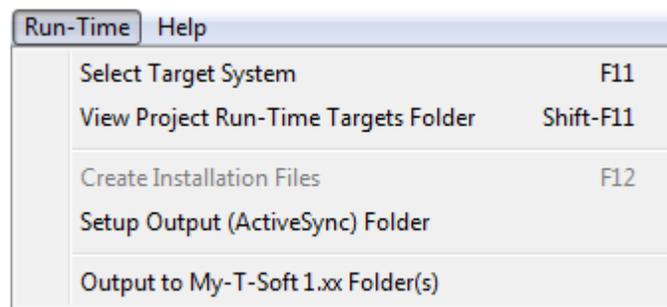
Build (Keyboard Shortcut = F9)

- The Build command will save the project, compile the project files, and create the run-time files for the selected target system. By default, a test configuration will be copied into the Target folder for the project to allow you to run & test the current layout. After a successful build, you will be asked if you wish to execute My-T-Soft (from the test configuration).

Execute (Keyboard Shortcut = F10)

- This will execute My-T-Soft with the keyboard layout from the last successful build for the project.

### Run-Time Menu



Select Target System (Keyboard Shortcut = F11)

- This will open a dialog to let you select the target system from the available target systems.

View Project Run-Time Targets Folder (Keyboard Shortcut = Shift-F11)

- This opens Windows Explorer and displays the Project folder in the Target area, which displays all built targets, and provides access to the built KBF file and available Targets for the current project.

Create Installation Files (Keyboard Shortcut = F12)

- Creates Installation Files is not enabled in this version.

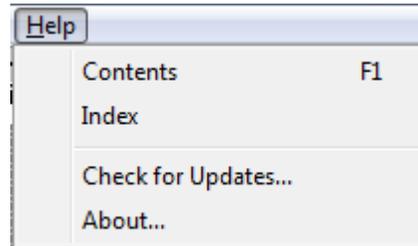
Setup Output (ActiveSync) Folder

- This allows you to choose a folder to output the current build after the build is complete. This can be used as the ActiveSync synchronization folder to allow Build-A-Board to copy successfully built target files into (which allows AutoSync to automatically copy to the target system).

Output to My-T-Soft 1.xx Folder(s)

- This will be enabled if a suitable member of the My-T-Soft family 1.xx is installed (My-T-Soft / My-T-Touch / My-T-Pen / My-T-Mouse / OnScreen), and there is a built project KBF available. When selected, the [Project Name].KBF will be copied to all available product folders, and will be available from the Custom Build-A-Board keyboard selection option in Setup | Keyboards. You must be sure to target the correct version ANSI 2.10 (1.7x) or UNICODE 2.20 (1.8x +).

### Help Menu



Contents (Keyboard Shortcut = F1)

- Opens this Help File from within Build-A-Board to the Table of Contents page.

Index

- Opens this Help File from within Build-A-Board to the Index page.

Check for Updates...

- Opens the IMG Download Manager and can check for and install product updates.

About...

- Displays version & contact information for Build-A-Board.

# Chapter 4. Building Boards & Reference

## Build-A-Board Overview & KeyBoard File (KBF) Architecture

Build-A-Board is a work in motion, primarily focused on creating on-screen keyboards and deploying user interface components on various platforms, all while being influenced from customer demands, new technology, and changing uses of computing devices. Being software, and implementing a flexible, yet solid core of well-designed software, while targeting multiple operating systems and platforms (which often go through considerable changes on a regular basis) is an on-going challenge. This is a quick overview of the structure & design of Build-A-Board.

### Distinct components

- **Builder**
- **Source Files**
- **Compiler**
- **KBF (Data)**
- **Run-Time Targets (Program)**

### Builder

The Builder is the user interface component that gives flexibility to the keyboard layout designer. It provides certain functions and capabilities that may not be desirable for an operator using the on-screen keyboard. In practice, it is often used by a developer, and 1 instance of the Builder may be responsible for thousands of run-time keyboard deployments. It is treated as a "rich" application, and is constrained differently than the run-time aspects. Also, there are multiple builder tools - Windows based application, and a web-based application.

**Note:** The web-based application is not yet publicly available as of this release

### Source Files

The Source Files (or SOURCE project) is the definition of the keyboard layout as managed by the Builder. It exists in different ways - internal memory structure within the Builder, Text files in the Project SOURCE folder, database records, with translation methods available to manage these. Note also that using the utility KBFDUMP, a Data file KBF can be extracted to Source files.

### Compiler

The Build-A-Board Text Compiler (BABTC) is used to read and condense the information in the Source Text files into the binary representation. This approach is used to ensure the Data component can be in as small a footprint as possible, and the translation from Source to Target usable representation forces design discipline & also provides data validation/verification.

### KBF (Data)

The KeyBoard File (KBF) structure can be viewed as a flat file database, or as multiple files joined with an index table. Once built, the file size is fixed - any user-modifiable options/variables/areas are constrained to existing data size locations in the KBF. This approach is a result of various factors:

- For embedded systems, or for secure operator situations, having a read-only, fixed Keyboard File (as similar as software can be to a physical hardware based keyboard in this context) was deemed an important aspect during the original design, especially for hardware engineers implemented an on-screen keyboard as a replacement to a physical keypad. This "fixed" aspect adds a level of comfort for hardware engineers when working with the software. Also, the software must also operate correctly in situations where the data is ROM (Read-Only Memory).
- A single Data file ensures easier handling for system administrators, integrators, and end-users.
- Add-ons are easy to manage - additional files can be added to the single-file structure with very little effort.
- In practical usage, once a fixed layout is accepted, changing it can have adverse affects on standard and limited operators, so treating the KBF as a fixed end-result works best (and it can always be changed with the Builder, so there is no down-side to this approach, however, any other approach may be unacceptable, i.e. secure operator situations where the operator must have NO configuration options).
- Multiple KBFs can be used with the New KBF (CMD:NKBF) and Load KBF (CMD:LKBF) commands
- Conceptualizing the Keyboard layout AS the KBF itself works better from experience than working with the separate layout and labels/actions aspects (see the KMF/KBF structure in the IMG My-T-Soft Family)

The current information stored within the KBF File:

- File signature and version, along with reference/lookup (index) into the rest of the file.
- Window data - location, size, frame type, etc.
- Panel data - location, size, frame type, etc.
- Key (Button) reference data - location, sequence.
- Key data - size, labels, actions, colors, etc.
- State data - reference information on possible operational states, etc.
- State data - reference information on possible operational states, etc.
- Image data - Image scripts used for Keys, Panels, Windows.
- Action data - Action scripts used for Keys, Panels, Windows.
- License data - License for KBF.
- INI data - Initialization file (INI), includes General Program settings, User modifiable settings.
- KMF data - Keyboard Macro Files, default key mappings, etc.
- Image files - Image files as PNGs.

### **Run-Time Targets (Program)**

The original design goal was to have a Program/Data type approach - i.e. My-T-Soft (Program) presented the keyboard layout contained in the KBF (Data) file. Depending on the system, there are sometimes other support files (Libraries or data files), and the Program is often 2 processes (one handling user interface & the other key actions). As much as possible, limiting the required Run-Time files is the preferred approach. Certain aspects (i.e. image support/library calls/executables) are treated as "non-core" capabilities of the software, and these are handled with additional files when required (e.g. PNG images are handled natively in the Mac OS X API, but require libpng in Linux, and interfacing with GDIPlus.dll in Windows via the gdkit.dll add-on).

The run-time target approach (on most platforms) is to separate the user display / user interface, and the resultant key actions as separate processes. The MYTSOFT/My-T-Soft/mytsoft process is responsible for the user interface, and the Macrobat/macrobat process is responsible for the macro batch processing (key actions). This is done for various reasons:

- Interoperability - different operating systems handle virtual input differently, so keeping this operating system specific portion as a separate process reduces potential conflicts.
- Flexibility - by having the input handled by a virtual input server, this process can provide these services to other processes in the system.
- Historical reasons / future extensibility - The Macrobat (Macro Batch) processing syntax and handling as a separate process is integral in various IMG products, and this is seen as an important architectural design for the future. For example, having a specific computing devices as a user-input device (e.g. a separate handheld device) and then requiring the keyboard input on a different, main device, i.e. **REALLY** separating the user interface from the virtual input process!
- Approach - from experience, having 2 distinct aspects managed in separate ways provides a much more robust approach. For example, some MIDI (Musical Instrument Digital Interface) devices use a controller / synthesizer design approach, where the user based controller (e.g. piano type keyboard, or guitar) can run the synthesizer directly, but the device's synthesizer may also be controlled via external MIDI. Designing the run-time approach in this way provides other capabilities and options that would not be available if the user-interface was tightly integrated with the virtual input server.
- Arbitrary Key Action - initiating a Key Action based on a user input can also be extended to other arbitrary events, handled by the Macrobat process, or handled by a completely different process (or contained in a library), or even handled by system or other available services. This provides even more flexibility to a keyboard, i.e. providing non-keyboard based actions.

In other words, the design approach used is that the user-interface is just a way for the user to tell the computer to perform an action. Since this action could theoretically be anything imaginable, it is unlikely that every possible action could be embedded into one process. Therefore, treating the action as an event to be handled by some other process is the best design approach to use, resulting in a separate process to handle the keyboard actions (i.e. Macrobat). So even though the use as a keyboard is the default Key Action, the underlying design just treats this as one of many possible Key Actions.

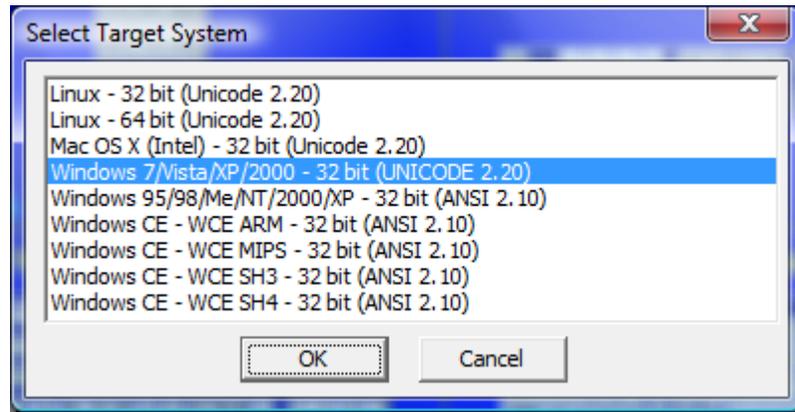
## Building Boards

The process of building boards is fairly straightforward - start with an existing sample, or start from an empty board. Add keys and modify keys as necessary to meet your requirements. Build & Test to work with keyboard layout. Finally, deploy on target systems.

An iterative design/build/modify/build process is the most effective, as a large part of the actual use involves humans - no matter how well you think it through, actually letting users operate with a built board will often provide important information as to what additional changes are necessary.

### Build Process Overview

The Build process within the Builder transforms the source files into a single file KBF (KeyBoard File) that contains all layout, key, label, action, image, and run-time option information. Each Build process builds for the currently selected Target.



**Note:** The currently selected Target can affect features and capabilities within the Builder. For example, when working on pre 1.80 KBF files, ANSI 2.10 KBF targets, or Unicode 2.20 KBF targets, different Key properties will be available.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** For older projects, and projects that target ANSI 2.10 that will continue to target 2.10 targets, you should not select UNICODE targets, or convert to 2.20 in the File menu, as projects targeting UNICODE 2.20 cannot be converted back to ANSI 2.10 (there is no mechanism, as data loss is likely).

Once built, results will be placed in a folder in the TARGET folder - See Global Settings. This Sub-folder will be named after the Project name in use. As each Target is built, a sub-folder under the Project name containing the Run-Time Target Program, and KBF Data will be created / updated. In all builds, there will be a TEST sub-folder created / updated that contains a Windows run-time version and the currently build KBF, so the layout can be quickly and easily tested from within the Builder (F10, Build Menu | Run). The last built KBF will be created in the Project name folder.

For each build, the KBF will always be saved as 2 distinct files - 1 named KEYBOARD.KBF, and 1 named as [Project Name].KBF (e.g. Untitled.KBF). The KEYBOARD.KBF is always created, as this is the default layout displayed if no other option is used when running My-T-Soft. When multiple layouts are integrated, having these distinct names resolves naming conflicts, while the KEYBOARD.KBF is the "as first displayed when run" layout (i.e. Default layout).

### Board Tools

When building layouts, the Grid tools, and Layout / Alignment tools are the most helpful in providing capabilities to build well-organized layouts. See Panel Display and Cursor Tools and Menus & Settings.

### Add Keys

Add New Key (Right-click | Add New Button, Edit | Add New Key, Insert key, Add Tool, click & drag on empty board area, drag & drop from Keys window (F8)). For additional information, see working with the Panel Display.

### Move & Size Keys

Click & Drag - Key area, moves key; frames, resizes key

Arrow keys - Move Key; with Ctrl & Shift, resizes frames

See Panel Display and Cursor Tools and Menus & Settings.

### **Modify Keys**

Key area (Double-click, Right-click | Properties). See Key Properties for details.

### **Build & Execute**

Build Board (Build menu | Build, Tool bar | Build, F9 key).

Execute My-T-Soft with Board layout from with Builder for testing (TARGET TEST Folder) (Build | Execute, Tool bar | Run, F10 key).

### **Typical Approach / Final Notes**

Typically the board is modified, built, and then tested from within the Builder in an iterative process, up until the developer/user feels it is ready to deploy and test in its final/target environment. See the next section Run-Time Options for deployment and target options.

## **Run-Time Options**

### **Run-Time Options**

Once a Board is Built, there are various options available - you are always asked if you would like to Run My-T-Soft (to Test) after a successful build. The following discusses other options.

View Project Run-Time Targets Folder (Keyboard Shortcut = Shift-F11)

- This opens Windows Explorer and displays the Project folder in the Target area, which displays all built targets, and provides access to the built KBF file and available Targets for the current project.

Setup Output (ActiveSync) Folder

- This allows you to choose a folder to output the current build after the build is complete. This can be used as the ActiveSync synchronization folder to allow Build-A-Board to copy successfully built target files into (which allows AutoSync to automatically copy to the target system).

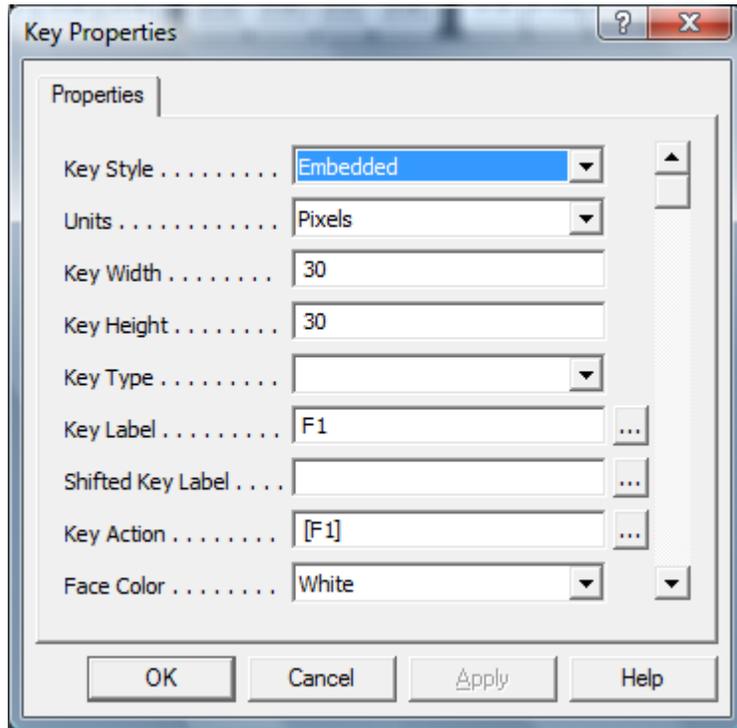
Output to My-T-Soft 1.xx Folder(s)

- This will be enabled if a suitable member of the My-T-Soft family 1.xx is installed (My-T-Soft / My-T-Touch / My-T-Pen / My-T-Mouse / OnScreen), and there is a built project KBF available. When selected, the [Project Name].KBF will be copied to all available product folders, and will be available from the Custom Build-A-Board keyboard selection option in Setup | Keyboards. You must be sure to target the correct version ANSI 2.10 (1.7x) or UNICODE 2.20 (1.8x +).

### **Deployment**

Refer to the Run-Time Targets for notes and details on deploying Run-Time Targets on various platforms.

## Build-A-Board Key Properties



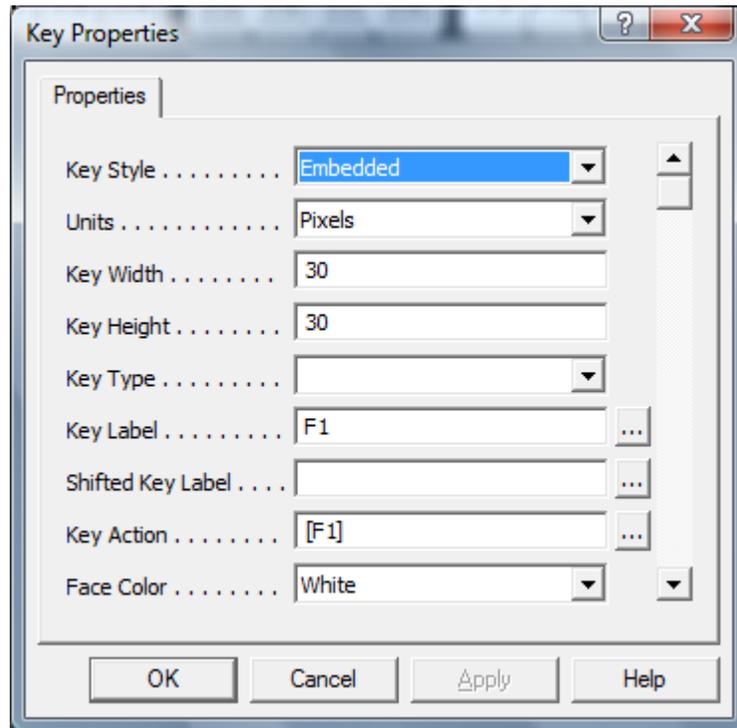
The Key Properties available depends on the project target, and the internal Mode (Level) of the Builder. Level 1 targets ANSI 2.10 KBFs, while Level 2 targets UNICODE 2.20 KBFs. This section is divided into 3 areas for addressing the different properties for each level, and the Key Actions available

**Key Properties - Level 2 (UNICODE 2.20)**

**Key Properties - Level 1 (ANSI 2.10)**

**Key Properties - Key Actions**

## Key Properties - Level 2 (UNICODE 2.20)



The following lists each available Key Property. Important notes & limitations for the Key Properties may only be included here.

### Key Style

Currently the only Key Style in Build-A-Board is Embedded.

### Units

Currently all measurements in Build-A-Board is in Pixels.

### Key Width, Key Height

This specifies the Key Width & Key Height in Units.

### Key Type

Supported types are Simple, Regular, & HiRes.

Simple will only convert the displayed Key Label into a Keystroke.

Regular can handle different actions, separate from the Key Label

HiRes uses a high-resolution background for a "Regular" key.

The Caps Aware identifier has been used in custom versions, and will be part of the Caps Lock solution. It is currently unused.

### Key Label

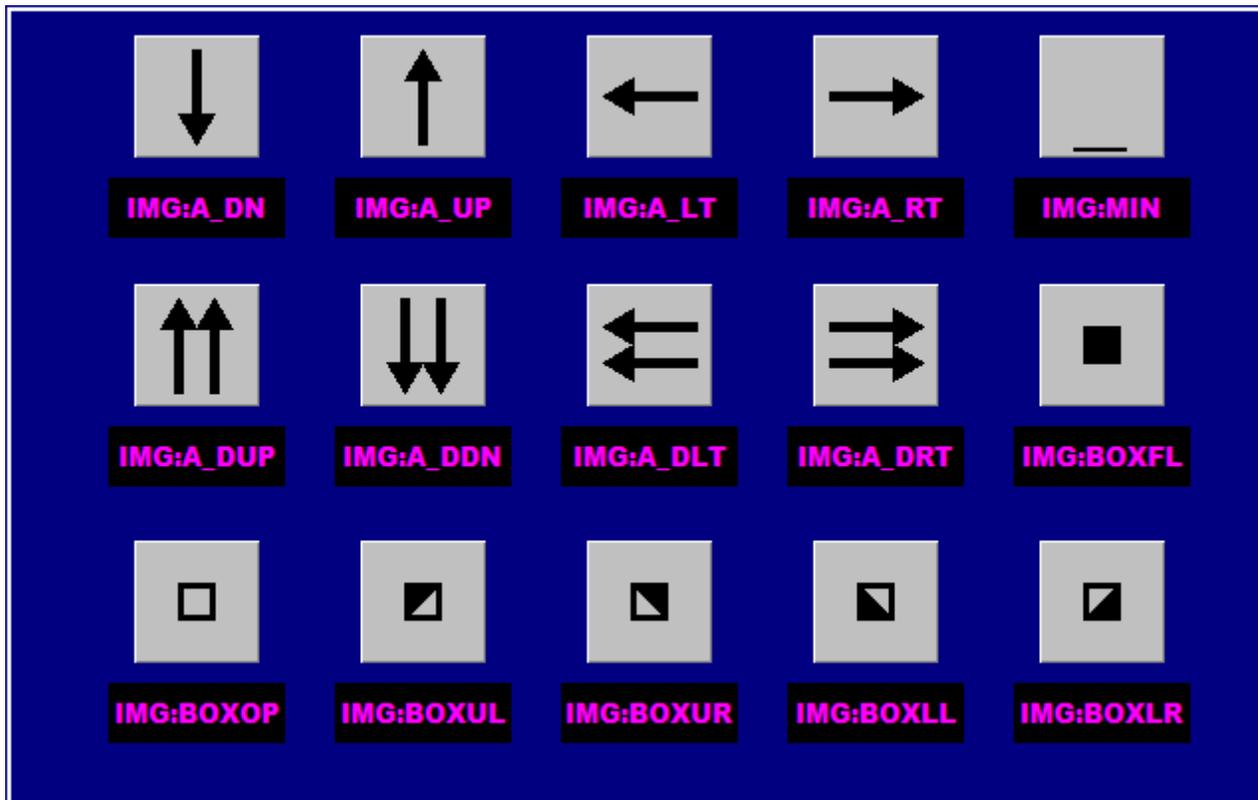
This can be up to 63 characters long.

### Built-In (Internal) Images

There is an override lable {IMG:\*} that will display alternate images. Currently supported images (drawn via internally handled low-level graphic calls) are:

Label Image

- {IMG:MIN} Minimize (Windows) bar
- {IMG:A\_UP} Up Arrow
- {IMG:A\_DN} Down Arrow
- {IMG:A\_LT} Left Arrow
- {IMG:A\_RT} Right Arrow
- {IMG:A\_DUP} Double Up Arrow
- {IMG:A\_DDN} Double Down Arrow
- {IMG:A\_DLT} Double Left Arrow
- {IMG:A\_DRT} Double Right Arrow
- {IMG:BOXFL} Box, Filled
- {IMG:BOXOP} Box, Open
- {IMG:BOXUL} Box, Upper Left (Filled)
- {IMG:BOXUR} Box, Upper Right (Filled)
- {IMG:BOXLL} Box, Lower Left (Filled)
- {IMG:BOXLR} Box, Lower Right (Filled)



**External Images**

When images are placed on Keys, the syntax used is {IMG:@cccccc:nnnnn}, where the cccccc is a character based file name identifier, and the nnnnn is a 5 digit, 0 based image number (i.e. 00000, 00001, 00002, etc.). The actual number is internally calculated during a save/build, so the number after the : should not be modified. The name, e.g. {IMG:@somepic:00001} means there is an IMGsomepic.BMP in the Source folder, that will be converted to a sized PNG, assigned an ID

number, and then included in the KBF. While this could be done manually, it is recommended you simply use the "Place Image File" option, available in the right-click Key menu, or via the "... " option next to the Key Label. When selected, a system File Open dialog will be displayed at the Pictures location for the current user. When an image is selected (or dragged to the key via Windows Explorer), the file will be converted to a Bitmap, properly named, placed in the source folder, and the Key label will be automatically updated based on the above structure.

**Panel Image Notes:** In 2.20, the background panel image requires an existing key image (and referenced within the MYTSOFT.INI, edited via the Window Properties Edit Keyboard Run-Time Settings). See notes in the file itself. For best results, the image should be placed by dragging an image onto the panel - this will create a key off-board (to the right) at the same size as the panel, and then tag the MYTSOFT.INI with the image number. If necessary, resize the board (without resizing keys) to see this key container of the panel image. Note that this is a temporary work-around approach to the panel image for the 2.20 release, since only keys can arbitrarily carry image files in this release.

### Shifted Key Label

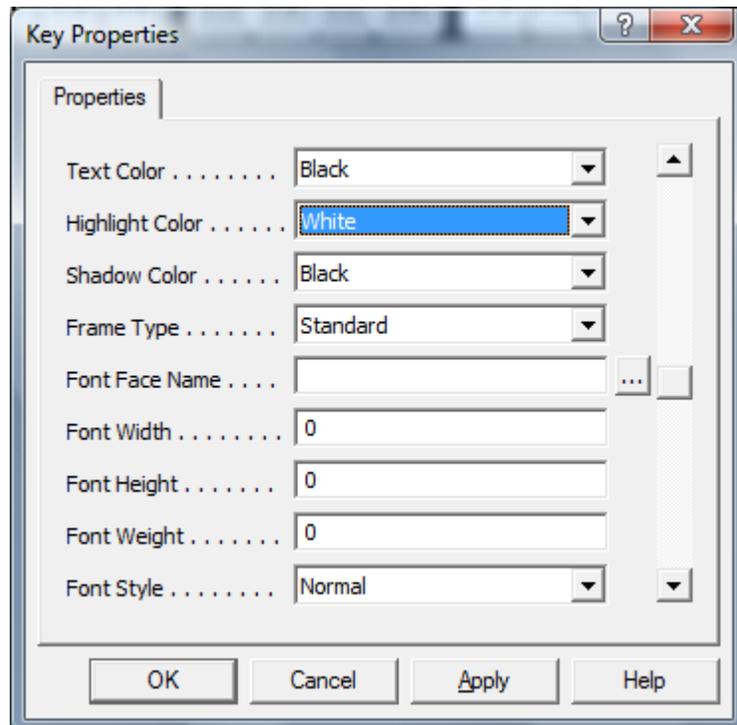
This is the image that will be displayed on the Key when the Shift state is triggered via a Key with a [Shift-Down] Action. If the Shifted Key Label is blank, the regular Key Label will remain when in the Shifted state.

### Key Action

For Regular (& HiRes) keys, this is the Macro command to generate Keystrokes. It can be up to 127 characters long. There is the Build-A-Board Macro Builder available by clicking on the Build button (...). - See Key Actions for commands.

### Face Color, Text Color, Highlight Color, Shadow Color

There are 16 basic colors, and then the option to use custom colors for each element (24-bit color (8-bit Red, 8-bit Green, 8-bit Blue)).

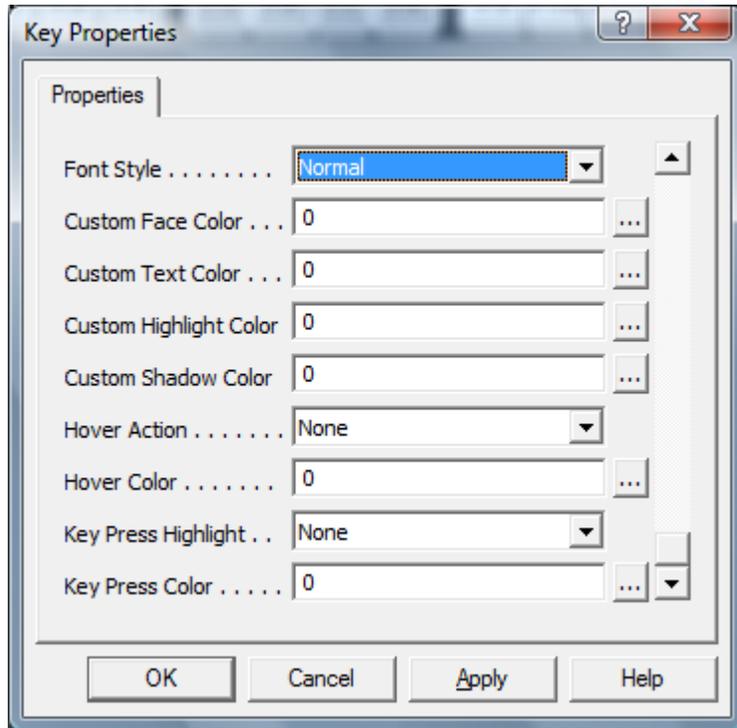


**Frame Type**

You can select None (no frame at all (all background), Standard (single pixel), and Thick (double pixel).

**Font Face Name, Font Width, Font Height, Font Weight, Font Style**

These are the font characteristics that define a Font per key - it is recommended you use the "..." button to use the Font dialog to easily select the font you wish, which will fill in these values - please be aware font support on the Run-Time target may be limited - see Fonts.



**Custom Face Color, Custom Text Color, Custom Highlight Color, Custom Shadow Color**

When set, these are override colors to the basic Face Color, Text Color, etc. 0 means no custom color is in use. Values 1-15 are reserved for the basic colors. The representation is decimal, but the internal value is an RGB value of 0x00xxxxxx, where the RGB values are 0x00BBGGRR.

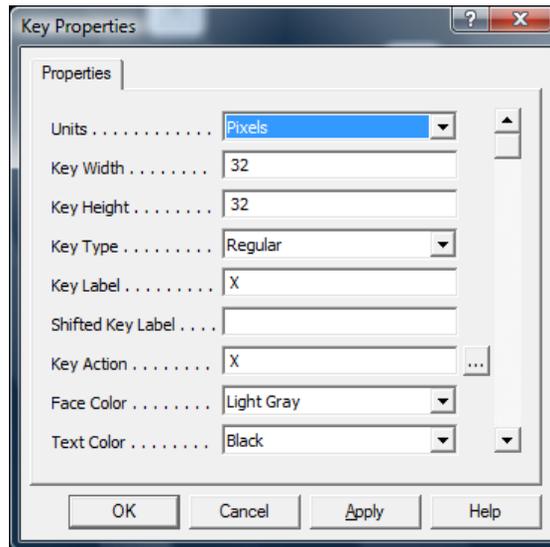
**Hover Action, Hover Color**

If Hover Action is None, the key will is normal. If Hover Action is Highlight, the background will change to the Hover Color when the mouse pointer (Mouse Over) is over the key. This only affects Regular keys with color backgrounds - HiRes keys and image labels do not highlight.

**Key Press Highlight, Key Press Color**

In Version 2.20 Release 3 this feature to highlight a key press is not enabled.

## Key Properties - Level 1 (ANSI 2.10)



The following lists each available Key Property. Important notes & limitations for the Key Properties may only be included here.

### Units

Currently all measurements in Build-A-Board is in Pixels.

### Key Width, Key Height

This specifies the Key Width & Key Height in Units.

### Key Type

Supported types are Simple, Regular, & HiRes.

Simple will only convert the displayed Key Label into a Keystroke.

Regular can handle different actions, separate from the Key Label

HiRes uses a high-resolution background for a "Regular" key.

### Key Label

This can be up to 11 characters long.

There is an override lable {IMG:\*} that will display alternate images. Currently supported images (drawn via internally handled low-level graphic calls) are:

Label Image

{IMG:MIN} Minimize (Windows) bar

{IMG:A\_UP} Up Arrow

{IMG:A\_DN} Down Arrow

{IMG:A\_LT} Left Arrow

{IMG:A\_RT} Right Arrow

{IMG:A\_DUP} Double Up Arrow

{IMG:A\_DDN} Double Down Arrow

{IMG:A\_DLT} Double Left Arrow

{IMG:A\_DRT} Double Right Arrow

{IMG:BOXFL} Box, Filled

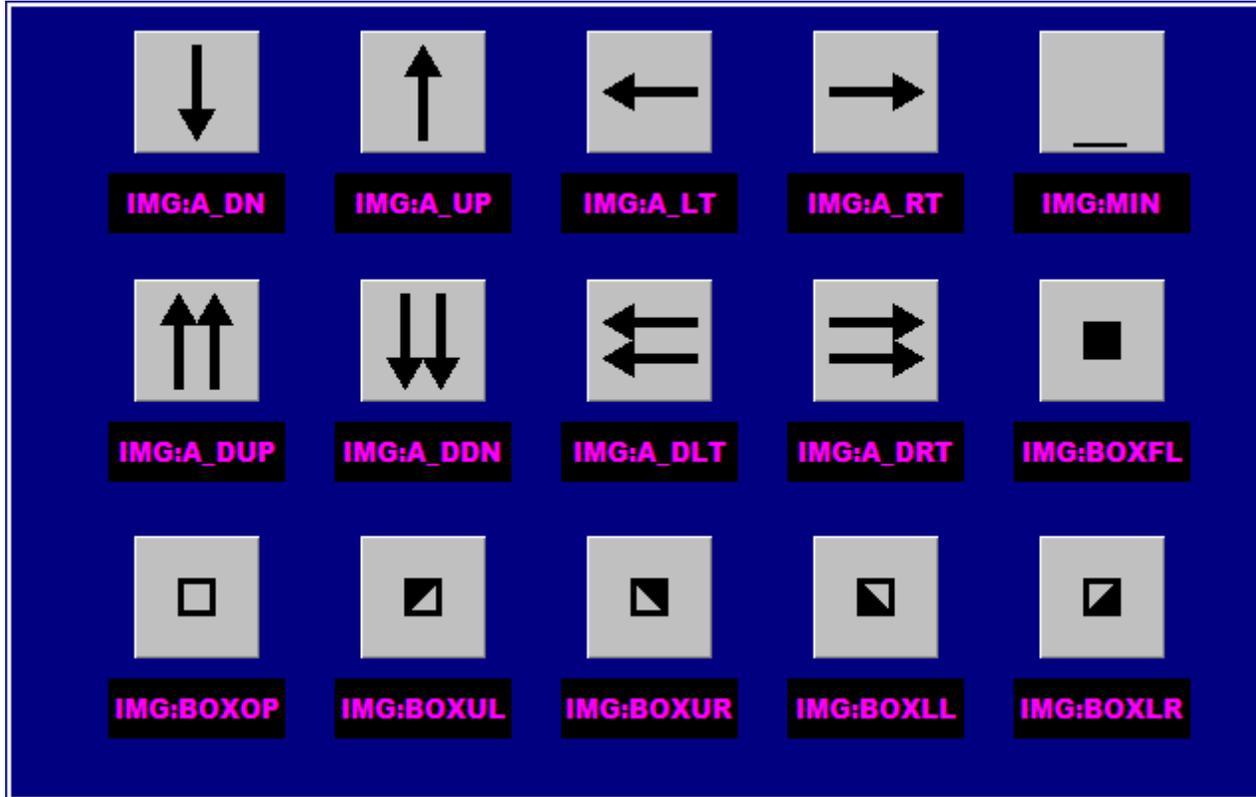
{IMG:BOXOP} Box, Open

{IMG:BOXUL} Box, Upper Left (Filled)

{IMG:BOXUR} Box, Upper Right (Filled)

{IMG:BOXLL} Box, Lower Left (Filled)

{IMG:BOXLR} Box, Lower Right (Filled)

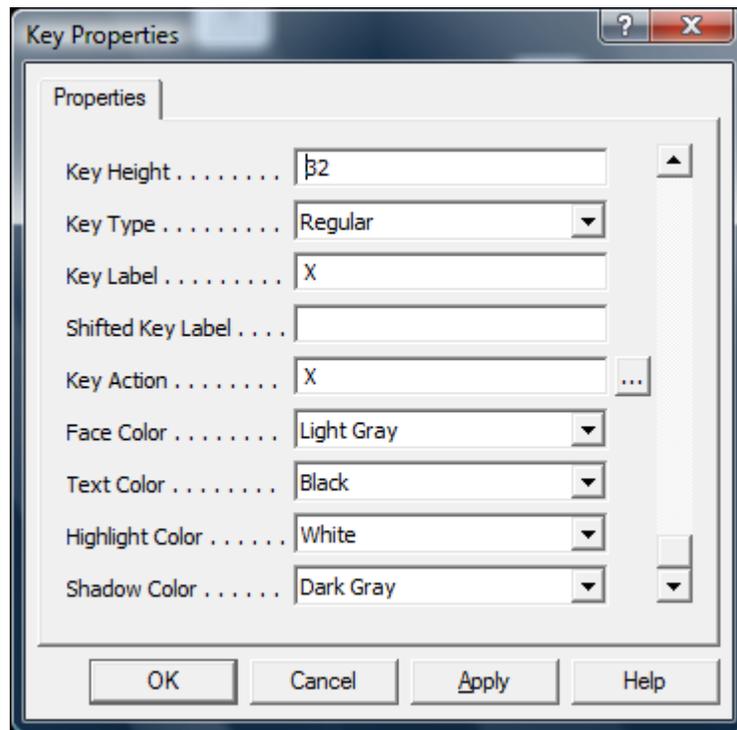


### Shifted Key Label

This is the image that will be displayed on the Key when the Shift state is triggered via a Key with a [Shift-Down] Action. If the Shifted Key Label is blank, the regular Key Label will remain when in the Shifted state.

### Key Action

For Regular (& HiRes) keys, this is the Macro command to generate Keystrokes. It can be up to 31 characters long. There is the Build-A-Board Macro Builder available by clicking on the Build button (...).



#### Face Color, Text Color, Highlight Color, Shadow Color

There are 16 basic colors supported.

### Key Properties - Key Actions

These are the generic commands available for the Windows targets. As of the Version 2.20 Release 3, a full inventory of every command, its support on targets, and syntactic differences is not currently available. Check for updates, and with IMG technical support if there is a need beyond CLOSE, MINIMIZE, SAVEPOS, and NKBF on non-Windows platforms.

There are various commands (available in the Macro Builder):

[CMD:CLOSE] - When this is the Key Action, My-T-Soft will close.

[CMD:MINIMIZE] - When this is the Key Action, My-T-Soft will Minimize to the Tray (Shell icon).

[CMD:SAVEPOS] - When this is the Key Action, My-T-Soft will Save the current position to the KBF file (This will not work if the Window, Panel, Button, and Key file option is selected in Global Settings). Once the position is saved, the saved top, left setting will be used when this layout is opened in the future.

[CMD:NKBF=???.KBF] - When this is the Key Action, the ??? must be replaced by a valid Keyboard File (KBF File). For Example, the Command might be [CMD:NKBF=NUM.KBF]. If there is a NUM.KBF file in the same folder as My-T-Soft, this will change the currently displayed keyboard layout to the specified "new" keyboard layout.

[CMD:EXEC=???.EXE] - When this is the Key Action, the ??? must be replaced by a valid executable file. For Example, the Command might be [CMD:EXEC=NOTEPAD.EXE]. The following logic is used internally to run the named executable file: The current directory where the MYTISOFT.EXE is being run from is checked first - if the file is found, then it is run from that location. Otherwise, the file specified is handed off to Windows - Windows will search the the Windows folders, and then the path to find the file - if found, it will be run. If the file is not found, or

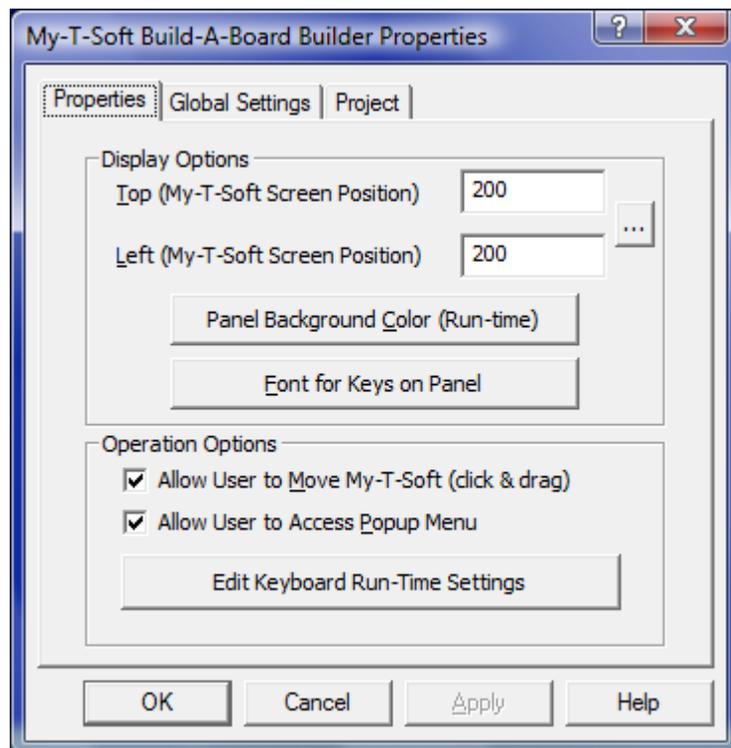
there is an error, no other action will occur. The internal Windows API called is "ShellExecute", so a wide range of files can be run with this command - you can specify Bitmap files (.bmp), Documents (.doc), Shortcut files (.lnk), etc. For command line entries, and other properties, use a shortcut, then specify the shortcut as the EXEC file. Note that for Level 1 keys, there is a limit of 31 characters, so only a limited path could be used (e.g. [CMD:EXEC=C:\UTIL\ACTION.BAT]). When a long path is required, use a shortcut, and put the shortcut into the folder with MYTSOFT.EXE.

[CMD:SND=???.WAV] - When this is the Key Action, the ??? must be replaced by a valid Wave file name. The following logic is used internally to run the named wave file: The current directory where the MYTSOFT.EXE is being run from is checked first - if the file is found, then it is run from that location. Otherwise, it is handed off to Windows - Windows will search the Windows folders, and then the path to find the file - if found, it will be run. If the file is not found, or there is an error, no other action will occur. The internal Windows API called is "sndPlaySound" and any valid wave of multimedia file supported by that function will be played. Note that for Level 1 keys, there is a limit of 31 characters, so only a limited path could be used (e.g. [CMD:SND=C:\SNDS\ACTN.WAV]).

[CMD:MIDI=???.MID] - When this is the Key Action, the ??? must be replaced by a valid MIDI file name. The current directory where the MYTSOFT.EXE is being run from is checked for the file - if the file is found, then it is run from that location. If the file is not found, or there is an error, no other action will occur. The internal Windows API calls use the MCI commands with the MIDI device setup as the "sequencer". Note that for Level 1 keys, there is a limit of 31 characters, so only a limited path could be used (e.g. [CMD:MIDI=C:\SNDS\SQNC.MID]).

[CMD:MIDI=STOP] - When this is the key action, the MCI command will be used to send a STOP command to the device previously used to Play a MIDI file (i.e. [CMD:MIDI=???.MID]).

## Build-A-Board Window Properties



**Top, Left position of My-T-Soft**

This setting changes the absolute screen position (in Pixels) for the Top-Left corner of the Panel displayed in the My-T-Soft window.

**Panel Background Color (Run-Time)**

This will open the default Color Selection Dialog Box and allow you to modify the Background color on the run-time version of My-T-Soft. Only the basic 16 colors (original IBM CGA Colors) are supported. If you select a different color, you will be warned, and the background color will be set to the default. The following table outlines the colors and their RGB (Red/Green/Blue) values of the supported colors in Version 2.00, 2.10, 2.20.

Color - R, G, B

Black - 0, 0, 0

Blue - 0, 0, 128

Green - 0, 128, 0

Red - 128, 0, 0

Cyan - 0, 128, 128

Magenta - 128, 0, 128

Brown - 128, 128, 0

Dark Gray - 128, 128, 128

Light Gray - 192, 192, 192

Light Blue - 0, 0, 255

Light Green - 0, 255, 0

Light Red - 255, 0, 0

Light Cyan - 0, 255, 255

Light Magenta - 255, 0, 255

Yellow - 255, 255, 0

White - 255, 255, 255

**Font for Keys on Panel**

You may set the internal, low-level settings that will interact with Windows to select a display font. This font will be used for all keys on the panel. The Common Font Selection Dialog is available to assist in selecting a font & its settings. Italics & other advanced font characteristics are not available.

Note that the fonts on the target system may not match the fonts on the system with the Build-A-Board Builder!

For projects that target 2.20 KBFs, fonts per key may be used (which will override the panel font) - see Key Properties - Level 2 (UNICODE 2.20)

**Operation Options**

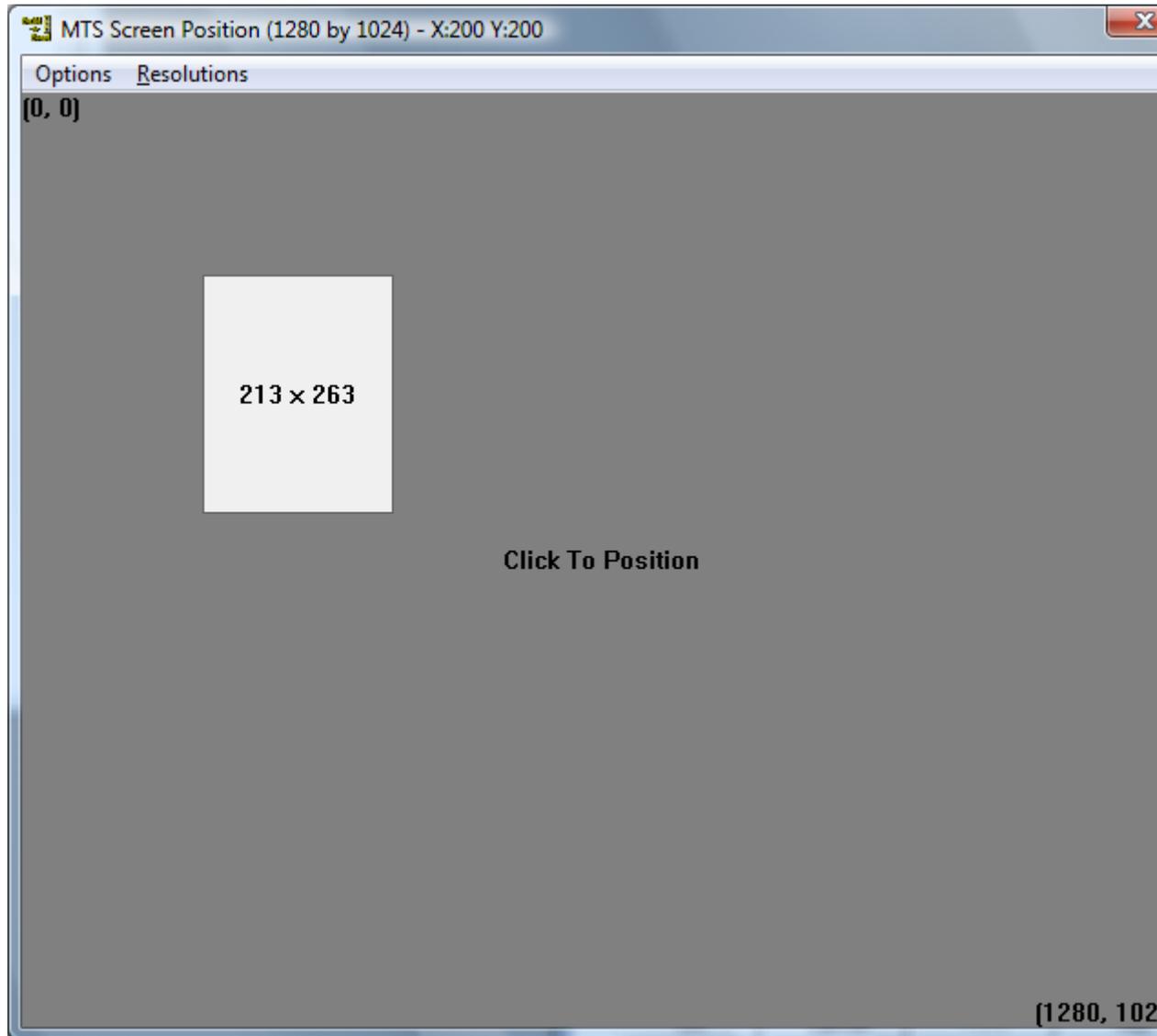
Allow User to Move My-T-Soft (click & drag), if enabled, allows the end-user on the run-time keyboard to move the keyboard by clicking & dragging on any non-key portion of the panel.

Allow User to Access Popup Menu, if enabled (Windows targets), allows the end-user to open a menu to minimize, save, or close the My-T-Soft keyboard.

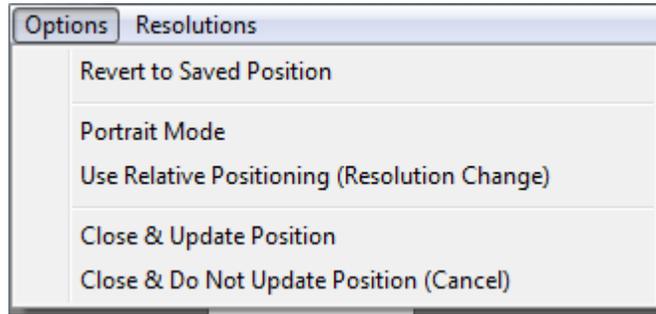
Edit Keyboard Run-Time Settings - this opens Notepad and allows run-time options to be set, such as the panel image. Refer to notes within the settings file. This gets embedded as MYTSOFT.INI into the built KBF (2.20 only).

### Screen Positioning Window (Top/Left)

When you click on the "..." next to the Top/Left position, a Screen Position window will open to provide a visual tool for setting the opening screen position. By default, the current screen resolution is used - for targets with different screen resolutions or layouts, use the Options and Resolutions menus.



In the Screen Position window, you can simply click & drag the white window (representation of keyboard layout relative to screen resolution) to the position on the screen where you want the keyboard layout to open. When you close the window, the current position will automatically update the Top, Left position in the Window Properties dialog.



The Options menu provides various options available when working with the Screen Position window.

**Revert to Saved Position**

Selecting this will revert the layout to the original position (current position in the Window Properties settings).

**Portrait Mode**

This turns the screen 90 degrees, so the setting can be set for target systems that have a portrait oriented screen.

**Use Relative Positioning (Resolution Change)**

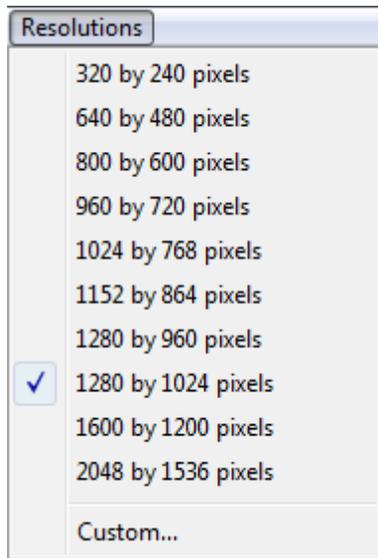
This setting when enabled performs percentage calculation based on position relative to top/left of window - so the top/left of the layout is calculated and remains at the same relative position if you change resolutions while in the Screen Position window.

**Close & Update Position**

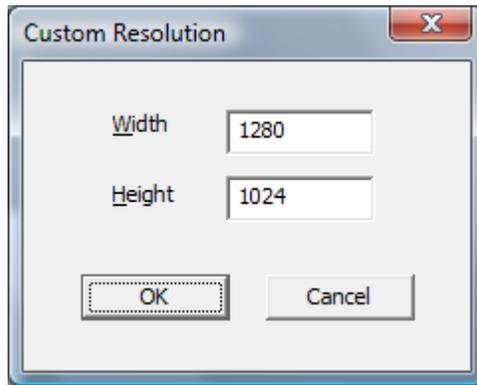
Closes the Screen Position window and updates the top / left values in the Window Properties settings.

**Close & Do Not Update Position (Cancel)**

Closes the Screen Position window and does not change the top / left values in the Window Properties settings.

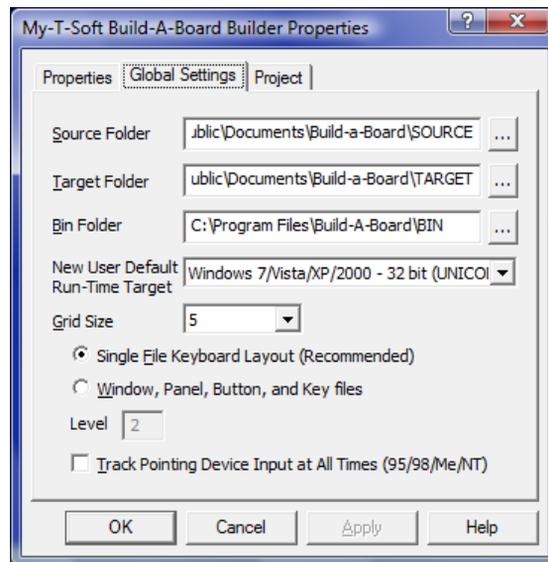


Select from the preset standard screen resolutions, or select Custom if your screen resolution is not available.



Custom - set your own custom screen resolution if there is not a preset available that matches your target screen resolution.

## Build-A-Board Global Settings



### Folder Locations

Source Folder - Location of Source files for all Panels. Any Projects/Panels you create will be stored in their source form here.

Target Folder - Location of Target files for all Panels. Any Builds will be created here under the name of the Project (Panel), then the Target System subfolder. A "Test" set of files (Windows Win32 platform) will be location in the Project (Panel) folder, so you can view the Build results immediately (Build | Execute).

Bin Folder - Internal files for Build-A-Board

For flexibility, and future enhancements, the locations of the Build-A-Board files are included here. These are set during install as defaults, and should not be modified.

### New User Default Run-Time Target

This sets the machine based default for the default Run-Time Target, and also defines the default Run-Time Target for New projects.

### **Grid Size**

This lets you set the default Grid Size - note that the most recent grid size will be saved when the Builder is closed. The Grid Size can be set via the Tools menu, Shift-F3/Shift-F4, or here.

### **Keyboard Layout Files**

The 2 options are:

Single File Keyboard Layout

Window, Panel, Button, and Key files

The Single File Keyboard Layout is recommended for all uses of Build-A-Board. All of the layout information is stored in KEYBOARD.KBF.

The individual breakdown of the Window(s), Panel(s), Button(s) and Key(s) is supported for debugging and development purposes, but in use, this simply creates more small files, that will require more disk space than actually required. Use the Single File Keyboard Layout!

### **Level**

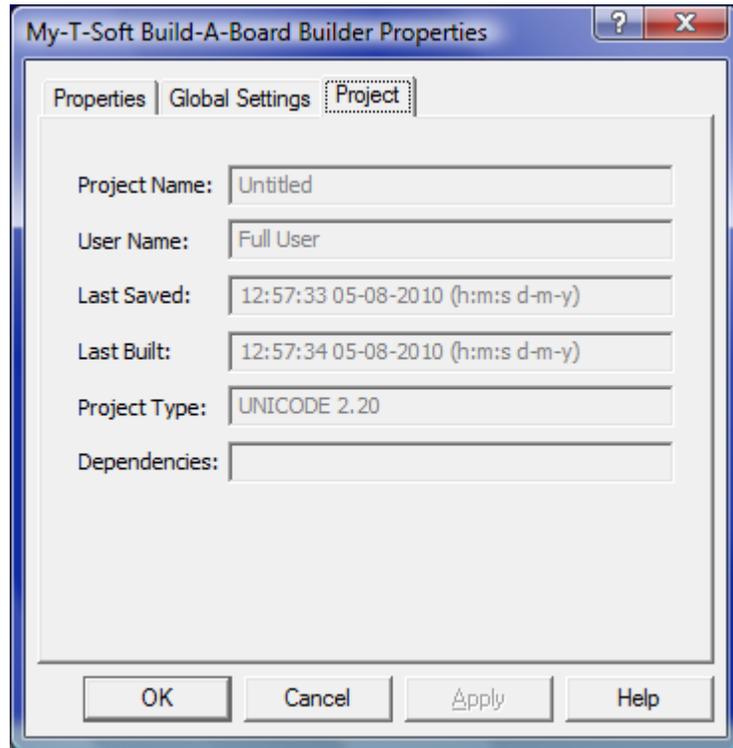
In Versions 2.00, 2.10, only Level 1 was supported, while in Version 2.20 Level 2 and Level 1 are available. These levels control the size of the Keyboard Layout files - higher levels will result in larger files, but include more capabilities, such as graphic displays and support for longer macros. This is not a user-settable setting, as there are various issues that must occur to move between levels - in general, a project should stay within the level it was originally created - although conversion to 2.20 (Level 2) is an option on the File Menu.

### **Track Pointing Device Input at All Times**

For support of various touchscreen drivers (ELO, eTurboWare) in Windows 95/98/Me/NT this setting may need to be checked on. Certain drivers do not truly emulate a mouse pointer, and you will find that the mouse will work with My-T-Soft, but the touchscreen will not. By setting this option On (and verifying that the touchscreen driver is in the correct mode (drag/double-click, Button mode, etc.), My-T-Soft will operate without changing the focus between the intended "type-into" application and the keyboard display.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** When using the Target system of Windows 95/98/Me/NT/2000/XP and creating Installation files via the Run-Time Menu, it is critical that the SETUP.EXE be used to install the run-time files. SETUP.EXE uses SETUP.INI to track this setting, and set the registry on the target system.

# Build-A-Board Project Properties



## Project Properties

Various information about the current project is displayed on this tab.

# Projects and Files

Projects are created in the Source folder (Global Settings (Property pages))

Compiled files are stored in the Target folder (Global Settings (Property pages))

Each Project is contained in a folder located within the Source folder.

A Closed project will contain a ZIP file named with the name of the project. The Zip file contains compressed files of an Open Project.

An Open Project contains the following files:

### PROJECT.TXT

This file contains project information, and is required for Build-A-Board Builder to recognize the files as a valid Project.

The following text files are the "source" code for the boards created in each project. They are stored as Text files so they are human readable outside of the Build-A-Board builder. In general, it is much easier & safer to edit the project using the Builder, but because these tools are to make life easier for people, the text files may be reviewed or edited directly. Please note that these files will be compiled prior to loading (opening a project). This ensures that they are properly understandable by the Builder.

My-T-Soft will only read compiled files - this is for 2 main reasons: 1) To ensure that the files are in the proper format, and 2) to reduce the target file size.

MWF00001.TXT

This is the My-T-Soft Window File - it contains information about the window size & position, and which panels are contained - it may contain multiple MPF?????.MPF files (Compiled from the MPF?????.TXT files).

MPF00001.TXT

These are the My-T-Soft Panel files - they contain information about the panel & which Button files are contained - there will be only 1 MBF?????.MBF file per panel (compiled from the MBF?????.TXT file).

MBF00001.TXT

This contains which Keys are associated with the button file

KEY00001.TXT

This contains information about the actual key (button) on My-T-Soft.

When Compiled, the following files may be seen:

MWF00001.MWF

This is a compiled MWF00001.TXT (My-T-Soft Window File)

MPF00001.MPF

This is a compiled MPF00001.TXT file (My-T-Soft Panel File)

MBF00001.MBF

This is a compiled MBF00001.TXT file (My-T-Soft Button File)

KEY00001.KEY

This is a compiled KEY00001.TXT file (Key file)

KEYBOARD.KBF

This is a single file containing MWF, MPF, MBF, and KEY file information.

The KEYBOARD.KBF is created in the Target folder, along with a ProjectName.KBF file (where ProjectName is the name of the current project (displayed in the Caption of the Build-A-Board Builder).

Additional File Notes (Advanced)

There are 3 folders (default \Program Files\Build-A-Board)

BIN Folder

See Files and Installation Information for more details on program and BIN files.

SOURCE Folder

The Source folder contains various Closed Projects in Sub-Folders for reference. Projects may be modified and saved as other projects if required. By default new projects are saved as sub-folders under this folder.

KEY1.TXT - This file contains the internal descriptions for Level 1 Keys & properties. It should not be modified.

KEY2.TXT - This file contains the internal descriptions for Level 2 Keys & properties. It should not be modified.

UNKNOWN.BMP - This file contains the default image for SOURCE project folders that do not have an associated bitmap image (for Project Display window).

## TARGET Folder File Descriptions

The files within the Target folder are the Build-A-Board Test Files (files located in BIN\TEST).

### Target Folder Notes

When a Project is built (Build | Build) in Build-A-Board, a folder of the same name as the Project is created in the Target folder. This folder gets a copy of the files in BIN\TEST, along with the result of the Build. Each selected Target (Run-Time | Select Target System), gets its own sub-folder under the Project's Target folder - upon a successful Build, the Target System sub-folder will get a copy of the appropriate sub-folder from BIN, and the result of the Build (for that target system).

Since everything in the Target folder can be re-created at any time from the Projects in the Source folder, only the Source folder needs to be archived to ensure project integrity.

Production Notes: Since the Target folder's Project sub-folder contains the output used on the Target System, preserving the compiled boards & target system files may be important. There is no default mechanism in Build-A-Board to manage this aspect of the process. Note that every Build from the same project for the same selected target will overwrite any duplicate files in the Target folder's Project's Target System sub-folder.

## My-T-Soft® Build-A-Board Text Compiler

The Text Compiler / Edit window is the process that reads the source files and compiles them into binary files for maximum space conservation on the target system.

**Technical Note:** During the build process, each source file is compiled with a separate instance of the Text Compiler. Each process runs with a hidden window, unless there is a compile error. The separate process approach maximizes build speed when a multi-core or multi-processor system is available. However, system or file errors can result in numerous windows being shown in an error state due to this (typically hidden) aspect. If you experience this, be sure to check Global Properties (SOURCE path), system configuration (memory/hard drive space available), and project integrity (have you done anything manual, or moved files, etc.?).

## Keyboard Macro File (KMF) Notes

Keyboard Macro Files (KMF, or KMF Files) are data files that contain macros and key label information for use within the My-T-Soft family & Build-A-Board. One intended use of the Builder will be to modify and work with older (pre 2.00) KMF files, along with newer KMF files. In the current version, these editing capabilities are not available - KMF files can be opened and saved, and future capabilities will be added in later releases.

The KMF files can be thought of tables of data for use within the program. In the 2.00/2.10 versions, there are still distinct KMF files required for use along with the KBF. In 2.20 and later, the KMF files in use are included as part of the KBF file itself. For added information, See KBF Notes and KBF Architecture. The use of KMF files will include mapping tables from key scan codes and key symbols, along with override information and common keyboard macro data

### Pre 2.00 KMF notes

In the Pre 2.00 version of My-T-Soft, KBF files defined the key and panel sizes, and KMF files defined the Key Labels and Key Actions. Refer to File Notes for the My-T-Soft family for further

information. KEYBRD?.KMF files matched different keyboard layouts, and MAC?????.KMF matched macro panels.

## KeyBoard File (KBF) Notes

KeyBoard Files (KBF, or KBF Files) are data files that define the on-screen keyboard layout and what is presented to the user. In the current version, key labels, key actions, configuration information, license information, and reference lookup data is also included in the KBF file. See KMF Notes and KBF Architecture for further details.

### Pre 2.00 KBF notes

In the Pre 2.00 version of My-T-Soft, KBF files defined the key and panel sizes, and KMF files defined the Key Labels and Key Actions. The KBF itself defined the window size, button sizes, and panel configuration.

The actual rectangles that define the button layout for pre 2.00 KBF files can be modified using a special mode within the Builder (activated when an older KBF file is opened). Only 1 panel at a time can be operated on, and Key Properties are limited to hiding keys, or resizing them - labels, etc. are based on the KMF files.

## Macrobat Macro Reference

The My-T-Soft Macrobat process is the "Macro Batch Processor" that handles action requests from the user interface component (i.e. My-T-Soft). Full support is only available in a Windows system - for other platforms, many of the advanced options are not available.

### Macrobat Notes

The Macrobat core is based on code that was part of the pre-2.00 releases of My-T-Soft. Because of this heritage, various advanced capabilities are available, some of which are documented here. Not all supported pre-2.00 actions are available in 2.00 & later releases, and some capabilities may be added over time.

The Build-A-Macro operations, the following double-characters are reserved:

@@ - Signifies an Alt keystroke to follow

e.g. @@f = [Alt-Down]f[Alt-Up]

~~ - Signifies a Ctrl keystroke to follow

^^ - Signifies a Shift keystroke to follow

\$\$ - used internally for internal macro uses

%% - used to specify a virtual key, or a keyboard scan code

You may not use these character combinations in your macros, unless you use them as outlined. For example, you may quickly create a macro for File, New ([Alt]-F, N) by entering "@@fn" (do not include quote characters) and clicking OK. However, using the Reserved words in brackets is the preferred method.

The %% sequence has 2 options, and must be formed correctly to be interpreted as a special entry. 4 characters must follow the 2 percent signs, spaces are not allowed. When this is used, it generates both the Down and Up keyboard messages, (press & release), similar to the entry of a specific character.

The following general form is: `%%cnnn`

where `c` is a character signifying Keystroke or Scancode -

The only valid characters for `c` are `k` or `s` or `e` (case does not matter) (NOTE: The `k` in post 2.00 releases should not be used, unless otherwise documented). The `nnn` must be 3 decimal digits (values between 000 and 999 are valid - for Virtual key codes, only values between 1-254 are valid).

The `s` and `e` directives are translated into Virtual key codes, and given to the Windows low-level API calls. Windows CE targets have various limitations, and not all options may be supported. The `%%snnn` configuration will generate a scan code / keyboard event where `nnn` is the decimal representation of a Windows Virtual Key (see below). The same applies for the `e` directive, but the `e` generates an extended keystroke. (If some or all of these terms are not familiar, then a good review of physical keyboards may be required. For explanations of extended characters, scan codes, reference books that describe the PC hardware, the 84, 101 and 104 key IBM compatible keyboards - good sources are Microsoft references, older Peter Norton books, and books about PC compatible hardware).

Not all virtual key codes are supported for all platforms. Modifier keys such as Ctrl/Shift/Alt, and toggle keys such as Caps Lock / Num Lock / Scroll Lock keys create situations where the down / up resultant keystroke may not be sufficient for your needs (when using these low-level overrides).

Windows CE Notes: For certain keystrokes, use of the `%%snnn` may be required, especially in the OEM range and for keystrokes after `VK_OEM_1`.

As an example, the Fujitsu PenCentra Windows CE system will not map function keys (from a physical keyboard) to the 112-123 range, but use OEM (Reserved(!)) keys in the range 193-204 (e.g. to get the F1 key on My-T-Soft to act as the F1 on a physical keyboard use `%%s193` - see `WCE_KBRD` project). The Suspend function uses `VK_OEM_8` (`%%s223`).

For a particular unit, you will either have to contact the manufacturer for their implementation of these "keystrokes", or test the various codes to see what the result is (and if supported).

Windows `#define` Hex Value Decimal Value Description

`VK_LBUTTON` 01 1 Left mouse button

`VK_RBUTTON` 02 2 Right mouse button

`VK_CANCEL` 03 3 Control-break processing

`VK_MBUTTON` 03 3 Middle mouse button (3-button mouse)

`VK_XBUTTON1` 05 5 Windows 2000: X1 mouse button

`VK_XBUTTON2` 06 6 Windows 2000: X2 mouse button

07 7 Undefined

`VK_BACK` 08 8 BACKSPACE key

`VK_TAB` 09 9 TAB key

0A-0B 10-11 Reserved

`VK_CLEAR` 0C 12 CLEAR key

`VK_RETURN` 0D 13 ENTER key

0E-0F 14-15 Undefined

`VK_SHIFT` 10 16 SHIFT key (Latching key)

`VK_CONTROL` 11 17 CTRL key (Latching key)

`VK_MENU` 12 18 ALT key (Latching key / System key)

VK\_PAUSE 13 19 PAUSE key  
VK\_CAPITAL 14 20 CAPS LOCK key  
VK\_KANA 15 21 IME Kana mode  
VK\_HANGUEL 15 21 IME Hanguel mode (maintained for compatibility; use VK\_HANGUL)  
VK\_HANGUL 15 21 IME Hangul mode  
16 22 Undefined  
VK\_JUNJA 17 23 IME Junja mode  
VK\_FINAL 18 24 IME final mode  
VK\_HANJA 19 25 IME Hanja mode  
VK\_KANJI 19 25 IME Kanji mode  
1A 26 Undefined  
VK\_ESCAPE 1B 27 ESC key  
VK\_CONVERT 1C 28 IME convert  
VK\_NONCONVERT 1D 29 IME nonconvert  
VK\_ACCEPT 1E 30 IME accept  
VK\_MODECHANGE 1F 31 IME mode change request  
VK\_SPACE 20 32 SPACEBAR  
VK\_PRIOR 21 33 PAGE UP key  
VK\_NEXT 22 34 PAGE DOWN key  
VK\_END 23 35 END key  
VK\_HOME 24 36 HOME key  
VK\_LEFT 25 37 LEFT ARROW key  
VK\_UP 26 38 UP ARROW key  
VK\_RIGHT 27 39 RIGHT ARROW key  
VK\_DOWN 28 40 DOWN ARROW key  
VK\_SELECT 29 41 SELECT key  
VK\_PRINT 2A 42 PRINT key  
VK\_EXECUTE 2B 43 EXECUTE key  
VK\_SNAPSHOT 2C 44 PRINT SCREEN key  
VK\_INSERT 2D 45 INS key  
VK\_DELETE 2E 46 DEL key  
VK\_HELP 2F 47 HELP key  
"0" (ANSI 0) 30 48 0 key  
"1" (ANSI 1) 31 49 1 key  
"2" (ANSI 2) 32 50 2 key  
"3" (ANSI 3) 33 51 3 key  
"4" (ANSI 4) 34 52 4 key

"5" (ANSI 5) 35 53 5 key  
"6" (ANSI 6) 36 54 6 key  
"7" (ANSI 7) 37 55 7 key  
"8" (ANSI 8) 38 56 8 key  
"9" (ANSI 9) 39 57 9 key  
3A-40 58-64 Undefined  
"A" (ANSI A) 41 65 A key  
"B" (ANSI B) 42 66 B key  
"C" (ANSI C) 43 67 C key  
"D" (ANSI D) 44 68 D key  
"E" (ANSI E) 45 69 E key  
"F" (ANSI F) 46 70 F key  
"G" (ANSI G) 47 71 G key  
"H" (ANSI H) 48 72 H key  
"I" (ANSI I) 49 73 I key  
"J" (ANSI J) 4A 74 J key  
"K" (ANSI K) 4B 75 K key  
"L" (ANSI L) 4C 76 L key  
"M" (ANSI M) 4D 77 M key  
"N" (ANSI N) 4E 78 N key  
"O" (ANSI O) 4F 79 O key  
"P" (ANSI P) 50 80 P key  
"Q" (ANSI Q) 51 81 Q key  
"R" (ANSI R) 52 82 R key  
"S" (ANSI S) 53 83 S key  
"T" (ANSI T) 54 84 T key  
"U" (ANSI U) 55 85 U key  
"V" (ANSI V) 56 86 V key  
"W" (ANSI W) 57 87 W key  
"X" (ANSI X) 58 88 X key  
"Y" (ANSI Y) 59 89 Y key  
"Z" (ANSI Z) 5A 90 Z key  
VK\_LWIN 5B 91 Left Windows key (Natural keyboard)  
VK\_RWIN 5C 92 Right Windows key (Natural keyboard)  
VK\_APPS 5D 93 Applications key (Natural keyboard)  
5E 94 Reserved  
VK\_SLEEP 5F 95 Computer Sleep key

VK\_NUMPAD0 60 96 Numeric keypad 0 key  
VK\_NUMPAD1 61 97 Numeric keypad 1 key  
VK\_NUMPAD2 62 98 Numeric keypad 2 key  
VK\_NUMPAD3 63 99 Numeric keypad 3 key  
VK\_NUMPAD4 64 100 Numeric keypad 4 key  
VK\_NUMPAD5 65 101 Numeric keypad 5 key  
VK\_NUMPAD6 66 102 Numeric keypad 6 key  
VK\_NUMPAD7 67 103 Numeric keypad 7 key  
VK\_NUMPAD8 68 104 Numeric keypad 8 key  
VK\_NUMPAD9 69 105 Numeric keypad 9 key  
VK\_MULTIPLY 6A 106 Multiply key  
VK\_ADD 6B 107 Add key  
VK\_SEPARATOR 6C 108 Separator key  
VK\_SUBTRACT 6D 109 Subtract key  
VK\_DECIMAL 6E 110 Decimal key  
VK\_DIVIDE 6F 111 Divide key  
VK\_F1 70 112 F1 key  
VK\_F2 71 113 F2 key  
VK\_F3 72 114 F3 key  
VK\_F4 73 115 F4 key  
VK\_F5 74 116 F5 key  
VK\_F6 75 117 F6 key  
VK\_F7 76 118 F7 key  
VK\_F8 77 119 F8 key  
VK\_F9 78 120 F9 key  
VK\_F10 79 121 F10 key  
VK\_F11 7A 122 F11 key  
VK\_F12 7B 123 F12 key  
VK\_F13 7C 124 F13 key  
VK\_F14 7D 125 F14 key  
VK\_F15 7E 126 F15 key  
VK\_F16 7F 127 F16 key  
VK\_F17 80 128 F17 key  
VK\_F18 81 129 F18 key  
VK\_F19 82 130 F19 key  
VK\_F20 83 131 F20 key  
VK\_F21 84 132 F21 key

VK\_F22 85 133 F22 key  
VK\_F23 86 134 F23 key  
VK\_F24 87 135 F24 key  
88-8F 136-143 Unassigned  
VK\_NUMLOCK 90 144 NUM LOCK key  
VK\_SCROLL 91 145 SCROLL LOCK key  
92-96 146-150 OEM specific  
97-9F 151-159 Unassigned  
VK\_LSHIFT A0 160 Left SHIFT key  
VK\_RSHIFT A1 161 Right SHIFT key  
VK\_LCONTROL A2 162 Left CONTROL key  
VK\_RCONTROL A3 163 Right CONTROL key  
VK\_LMENU A4 164 Left MENU key  
VK\_RMENU A5 165 Right MENU key  
VK\_BROWSER\_BACK A6 166 Windows 2000: Browser Back key  
VK\_BROWSER\_FORWARD A7 167 Windows 2000: Browser Forward key  
VK\_BROWSER\_REFRESH A8 168 Windows 2000: Browser Refresh key  
VK\_BROWSER\_STOP A9 169 Windows 2000: Browser Stop key  
VK\_BROWSER\_SEARCH AA 170 Windows 2000: Browser Search key  
VK\_BROWSER\_FAVORITES AB 171 Windows 2000: Browser Favorites key  
VK\_BROWSER\_HOME AC 172 Windows 2000: Browser Start and Home key  
VK\_VOLUME\_MUTE AD 173 Windows 2000: Volume Mute key  
VK\_VOLUME\_DOWN AE 174 Windows 2000: Volume Down key  
VK\_VOLUME\_UP AF 175 Windows 2000: Volume Up key  
VK\_MEDIA\_NEXT\_TRACK B0 176 Windows 2000: Next Track key  
VK\_MEDIA\_PREV\_TRACK B1 177 Windows 2000: Previous Track key  
VK\_MEDIA\_STOP B2 178 Windows 2000: Stop Media key  
VK\_MEDIA\_PLAY\_PAUSE B3 179 Windows 2000: Play/Pause Media key  
VK\_LAUNCH\_MAIL B4 180 Windows 2000: Start Mail key  
VK\_LAUNCH\_MEDIA\_SELECT B5 181 Windows 2000: Select Media key  
VK\_LAUNCH\_APP1 B6 182 Windows 2000: Start Application 1 key  
VK\_LAUNCH\_APP2 B7 183 Windows 2000: Start Application 2 key  
B8-B9 174-185 Reserved  
VK\_OEM\_1 BA 186 Windows 2000: For the US standard keyboard, the ';' key  
VK\_OEM\_PLUS BB 187 Windows 2000: For any country/region, the '+' key  
VK\_OEM\_COMMA BC 188 Windows 2000: For any country/region, the ',' key  
VK\_OEM\_MINUS BD 189 Windows 2000: For any country/region, the '-' key

VK\_OEM\_PERIOD BE 190 Windows 2000: For any country/region, the '.' key

VK\_OEM\_2 BF 191 Windows 2000: For the US standard keyboard, the '/' key

VK\_OEM\_3 C0 192 Windows 2000: For the US standard keyboard, the '~' key

C1-D7 193-215 Reserved

D8-DA 216-218 Unassigned

VK\_OEM\_4 DB 219 Windows 2000: For the US standard keyboard, the '[' key

VK\_OEM\_5 DC 220 Windows 2000: For the US standard keyboard, the '\ key

VK\_OEM\_6 DD 221 Windows 2000: For the US standard keyboard, the ']' key

VK\_OEM\_7 DE 222 Windows 2000: For the US standard keyboard, the 'single-quote/double-quote' key

VK\_OEM\_8 DF 223 OEM specific

E0 224 Reserved

E1 225 OEM specific

VK\_OEM\_102 E2 226 Windows 2000: Either the angle bracket key or the backslash key on the RT 102-key keyboard

E3-E4 227-228 OEM specific

VK\_PROCESSKEY E5 229 Windows 95/98, Windows NT 4.0, Windows 2000: IME PROCESS key

E6 230 OEM specific

VK\_PACKET E7 231 Windows 2000: Used to pass Unicode characters as if they were keystrokes. The VK\_PACKET key is the low word of a 32-bit Virtual Key value used for non-keyboard input methods. For more information, see Remark in KEYBDINPUT, SendInput, WM\_KEYDOWN, and WM\_KEYUP

E8 232 Unassigned

E9-F5 233-245 OEM specific

VK\_ATTENTION F6 246 Attn key

VK\_CRSEL F7 247 CrSel key

VK\_EXSEL F8 248 ExSel key

VK\_EREOF F9 249 Erase EOF key

VK\_PLAY FA 250 Play key

VK\_ZOOM FB 251 Zoom key

VK\_NONAME FC 252 Reserved for future use

VK\_PA1 FD 253 PA1 key

VK\_OEM\_CLEAR FE 254 Clear key

FF 255 Reserved

# **Part III. Build-A-Board Run-Time Targets**

## **Description of Build-A-Board Run-Time Targets and Platform Operation notes.**

**Details and reference information about Build-A-Board Run-Time Targets.**

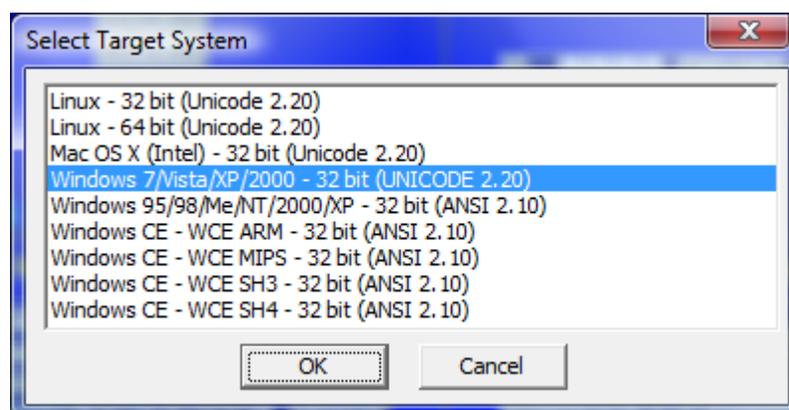
**Chapter 5 - Build-A-Board Run-Time Targets** contains general operation information, along with specific information about each of Build-A-Board's Run-Time Targets.

**Chapter 6 - Build-A-Board Run-Time Targets Notes** additional information, configuration options, and advanced notes on Build-A-Board Run-Time Targets.

# Chapter 5. Build-A-Board Run-Time Targets

## Run-Time Targets Overview

Build-A-Board Run-Time Targets Overview



### Overview

Build-A-Board was designed from the ground-up to be a cross-platform, multiple target custom keyboard design tool. The Build-A-Board Builder is the developer front-end that can manipulate keyboard layouts, look, and features. The Run-Time Targets are the actual software (Program) that runs on a target system to display and operate the keyboard layout (Data). Due to the various nature and aspects of the different run-time operating systems and environments, there are features and capabilities that may not translate from one system to another. Also, with over 18 years of providing keyboard solutions, and a half-dozen keyboard file data formats, there are also other constraints that may affect a particular target.

The actual code-base for the run-time targets is a combination of target specific code, shared core keyboard software code, and shared lower-level abstracted operating system API code. Because the foundation was designed to be cross-platform, and extensible, the ability to run the same keyboard layout (Data) on multiple run-time targets (Programs) is the expected operation. However, due to a wide range of limitations & potential cross-platform compatibility issues, this cannot be guaranteed. Various aspects that may affect a particular run-time target will be addressed in this chapter and the next.

### Available targets

Windows 95/98/Me/NT/2000/XP - 32 bit (ANSI 2.10)

Windows 2000/XP/Vista/7 - 32 bit (UNICODE 2.20)

Windows CE - SIP (Software Input Panel) and Free-Floating keyboard interfaces (ANSI 2.10)

Linux - 32 bit (UNICODE 2.20)

Linux - 64 bit (UNICODE 2.20)

UNIX - 32 bit (UNICODE 2.20)

Mac OS X (10.4 and higher) - 32 bit (UNICODE 2.20)

### 2.00, 2.10, and 2.20 Notes

Build-A-Board 2.00 was updated to 2.10, and no customer should be running any KBF (KeyBoard Files) (Data) from 2.00. The 2.00 version is not supported.

KBF Files based on the ANSI 2.10 data format can run under the My-T-Soft Family 1.7x/1.8x versions, and the older My-T-Soft 2.10 Run-Time software. Because there are multiple hundreds of thousands (est. 250,000+) installs throughout the world, the 2.10 data format is supported in 2.20 as a Run-Time target option. In other words, Build-A-Board 2.20 can still generate 2.10 KBF files for these older, already installed systems. The license for these systems are handled by the run-time software. 2.10 KBF files do not have any license information within them.

KBF Files based on the UNICODE 2.20 data format are the preferred format for any new installs, or cross-platform layouts. The UNICODE support provides a much better way to handle key labels for the world's locales, and the image support, and extensibility of the expanded data format is also a marked improvement from the older data formats. Note that the 2.20 also supports embedded licensing, so a properly licensed Build-A-Board Builder can generate "licensed" KBF files for licensed platforms. This license approach makes for easier deployments, especially when multiple targets are in use.

## Platform Notes

It is important to remember that each platform (i.e. Windows, Windows CE, Linux, Mac OS X, UNIX, etc.) has its own implementation, and features available in one platform may not be available in another, or have different operation, or cause different results from the same KBF. Syntax for file paths and file locations are also variable, so platform specific KBFs may be required.

The internal design of the software results in many aspects sharing the same source code, but due to specific implementation of input and interaction with the system, it is often the case that platform specific code is used to implement the working end-result. Because of this, there is a high degree of probability that certain features, capabilities, or results may differ on different platforms. It is highly recommended that if you experience something that isn't what you expect, that you refer to the Run-Time Target documentation for the specific platform to review any specific notes for the command, label, or action issue you are experiencing - it is possible that the specific issue is noted for the platform. If you cannot resolve the issue with this help document, the platform README file, or on-line support info, please contact IMG technical support for assistance.

**Note:** The goal of Build-A-Board is to provide a seamless, cross-platform way to build & deploy keyboards and user-interface components, and for each supported label and action, to have similar results. However, due to the varied operating systems, font support, differing design philosophies, differing priorities & goals, along with constant revisions to the platforms, all of which is outside of the control of IMG, this goal is virtually impossible to achieve. In order to be responsive to specific needs and requirements, all users and distributors should be on IMG's annual support, annual maintenance, or under a license agreement so that any particular inconsistency or issue can be addressed in a timely fashion.

## My-T-Soft<sup>®</sup> Macrobat (Macro Batch server)

The My-T-Soft Macrobat process is the "Macro Batch Processor" that handles action requests from the user interface component (i.e. My-T-Soft). Full support is only available in a Windows system - for Windows CE versions, many of the advanced options are not available.

Macrobat Notes

The Macrobat core is based on code that was part of the pre-2.00 releases of My-T-Soft. Because of this heritage, various advanced capabilities are available, some of which are documented here. Not all supported pre-2.00 actions are available in 2.00 & later releases, and some capabilities may be added over time.

## My-T-Soft®

My-T-Soft® is My Typing Software. The original on-screen keyboard for Windows was My-T-Mouse®, and the history of innovative approaches to user-interfaces continues. The My-T-Soft® component takes the compiled output from the design tool and presents the display to the user.

Target System support for My-T-Soft includes:

Windows 95/98/Me/NT/2000/XP - 32 bit (ANSI 2.10)

Windows 2000/XP/Vista/7 - 32 bit (UNICODE 2.20)

Windows CE - SIP (Software Input Panel) and Free-Floating keyboard interfaces

- Windows CE - ARM - 32 bit (various)
- Windows CE - MIPS - 32 bit (various)
- Windows CE - SH3 - 32 bit
- Windows CE - SH4 - 32 bit
- Windows CE - x86 - 32 bit

Linux - 32 bit (UNICODE 2.20)

Linux - 64 bit (UNICODE 2.20)

- Linux - GNOME and KDE interfaces (and others)
- Linux Distribution support: Fedora
- Linux Distribution support: Red Hat
- Linux Distribution support: Debian
- Linux Distribution support: Ubuntu
- Linux Distribution support: LinuxMint
- Linux Distribution support: PC Linux OS
- Linux Distribution support: SuSE
- Linux Distribution support: Many others

Mac OS X (10.4 and higher) - 32 bit (UNICODE 2.20)

As a User Interface component, there are 2 main aspects incorporated in the Run-Time My-T-Soft - the visual contents of the button(s) & My-T-Soft window(s) displayed to the user, and the actions initiated once the user clicks upon a button.

# Windows

Build-A-Board Run-Time Target: Windows

**Windows 95/98/Me/NT/2000/XP - 32 bit (ANSI 2.10)**

## Target Files

MYTSOFT.EXE

This is the My-T-Soft executable that reads the KEYBOARD.KBF layout (or multiple file layouts), and displays the window to the user. If a shortcut is used, separate KBF files may be referenced via the command line (e.g. MYTSOFT.EXE NUM.KBF will run My-T-Soft with the NUM.KBF layout). The opening screen position is controlled by Build-A-Board builder. A right-click will open a menu with Minimize, Save Position, or Close. If a touchscreen or pen is in use without right-click ability (see IMG's TouchRight Utilities!), dragging the window to a position where any part of the window is off-screen will also open the menu.

MYTSOFT may be passed a command line parameter to open a specific keyboard layout (???????.KBF file).

MTSLIB.DLL

This is a Support Dynamic Link library for Build-A-Board My-T-Soft.

BABDLL.DLL

This is a Support Dynamic Link library for Build-A-Board

IMGVERS.DLL

This is a Support Dynamic Link library for Build-A-Board  
Windows Version tracking for support of appropriate features.

STOCK.DLL

This is a Dynamic Link Library of Images (HiRes images).

MACROBAT.EXE

This is the Macro Batch Processor. It is the support process for managing inter-process communication and handling low-level interface issues.

MAC00000.KMF

KEYBRD01.KMF

These are support & low-level interface files for MacroBat

KEYBOARD.KBF

WELCOME.KBF

The KBF file is the default display file for the My-T-Soft Board (from Build-A-Board). Any other KBF files are projects that have been built - With each successful build, a KEYBOARD.KBF and a ProjectName.KBF file are created in the Target folder.

**Windows 2000/XP/Vista/7 - 32 bit (UNICODE 2.20)**

## Target Files

MYTSOFT.EXE

This is the My-T-Soft executable that reads the KEYBOARD.KBF layout (or multiple file layouts), and displays the window to the user. If a shortcut is used, separate KBF files may be referenced via the command line (e.g. MYTSOFT.EXE NUM.KBF will run My-T-Soft with the NUM.KBF layout). The opening screen position is controlled by Build-A-Board builder. A right-click will open

a menu with Minimize, Save Position, or Close. If a touchscreen or pen is in use without right-click ability (see IMG's TouchRight Utilities!), dragging the window to a position where any part of the window is off-screen will also open the menu.

MYTSOFT may be passed a command line parameter to open a specific keyboard layout (???????.KBF file).

MACROBAT.EXE

This is the Macro Batch Processor. It is the support process for managing inter-process communication and handling low-level interface issues.

GDIKIT.DLL

This is a Dynamic Link Library of for interfacing with GDIPlus.DLL to handle Images.

KEYBOARD.KBF

WELCOME.KBF

The KBF file is the default display file for the My-T-Soft Board (from Build-A-Board). Any other KBF files are projects that have been built - With each successful build, a KEYBOARD.KBF and a ProjectName.KBF file are created in the Target folder.

## Windows CE

Build-A-Board Run-Time Target: Windows CE

Due to the nature of embedded and OEM Windows CE, Windows CE deployments are done either with the available pre-built run-times, or custom versions built directly for the customer (with some based on the customer's SDK as created specifically for the device). So it is often beneficial to discuss your particular needs with IMG.

**Windows CE - SIP (Software Input Panel) and Free-Floating keyboard interfaces (ANSI 2.10)**

**Target Files**

The .CAB file is an installation file set that carries the system interface DLL, the Option dialog, and the Keyboards. The SIP interface DLL is installed in the Windows folder, and the other supporting files are in \Program Files\My-T-Soft SIP and \Program Files\My-T-Soft SIP\KEYBOARDS.

**Windows CE - 32 bit (ARM, MIPS, x86, etc.) (ANSI 2.10)**

**Target Files**

MYTSOFT.EXE

This is the My-T-Soft executable that reads the KEYBOARD.KBF layout (or multiple file layouts), and displays the window to the user.

MYTSOFT may be passed a command line parameter to open a specific keyboard layout (???????.KBF file).

MAC00000.KMF

KEYBRD01.KMF

These are support & low-level interface files for MacroBat

KEYBOARD.KBF

WELCOME.KBF

The KBF file is the default display file for the My-T-Soft Board (from Build-A-Board). Any other KBF files are projects that have been built - With each successful build, a KEYBOARD.KBF and a ProjectName.KBF file are created in the Target folder.

## Linux

Build-A-Board Run-Time Target: Linux

The run-time Linux files are built on 2 different targets - 32-bit, and 64-bit. If you need another target type, please contact IMG Technical Support.

**Linux - 32 bit (UNICODE 2.20)**

**Linux - 64 bit (UNICODE 2.20)**

### Target Files

mytsoft

This is the My-T-Soft executable that reads the KEYBOARD.KBF layout (or multiple file layouts), and displays the window to the user.

macrobat

This is the Macro Batch Processor. It is the support process for managing inter-process communication and handling low-level interface issues.

KEYBOARD.KBF

WELCOME.KBF

The KBF file is the default display file for the My-T-Soft Board (from Build-A-Board). Any other KBF files are projects that have been built - With each successful build, a KEYBOARD.KBF and a ProjectName.KBF file are created in the Target folder.

### Deploying My-T-Soft Build-A-Board custom layouts onto Linux

There are 2 aspects - the My-T-Soft software (program), and then the custom KBF file (data).

#### Step 1: Get built KBF (& install files)

From Build-A-Board, after you have designed, then Built the layout, you can go to the Run-time menu | View Project Run-Time Targets folder (or use Shift-F11) to open explorer and view the target location. You will find a LINUX32 or LINUX64 folder - this can be copied to a new "target" Linux system.

#### Step 2: Install on Linux system

The pre-built binary files will extract into a my-t-soft sub-directory. Be sure to copy the tar.gz file into your home or Desktop folder (as appropriate). Copy the my-t-soft\_???.tar.gz file onto the Linux system, and extract (at command line) with **tar xzf my-t-soft\_???.tar.gz[Enter]** - this will create a my-t-soft folder with the program, data, and support files. There will be run-time information in a README.txt file. If you run My-T-Soft (e.g. ./my-t-soft/mytsoft[Enter]), you will see the demo layouts.

#### Step 3: Drop in your custom KBF

From the Copied files, you will see a KEYBOARD.KBF and a [Your Project Name].KBF - for testing, if only 1 layout, just copy the KEYBOARD.KBF to the ./my-t-soft folder (make sure My-T-Soft is closed). Then run My-T-Soft, and you will see your custom layout.

#### Tips:

1. Get My-T-Soft on the target first - you can download the demo from the website, or copy the .tar.gz file from the Targets location, and install.
2. To run My-T-Soft, just use the command line, or a file manager - open the My-T-Soft folder, then double-click on My-T-Soft - depending on the Window Manager, you may need to create an Application link or Desktop shortcut - also refer to the README.txt installed with the run-time binary software.
3. My-T-Soft is the program, the KBF file is the data. Currently, for simplicity, all data must be in the ./my-y-soft location - just copy KEYBOARD.KBF in (overwrite existing) and run My-T-Soft.
4. As you make updates, just copy in KEYBOARD.KBF from each new build. Once My-T-Soft is on the target, you just need to copy in your "new" data file, i.e. updated .kbf file. Think Word Processor (Program) and a Document File (Data) - the .kbf is the .doc, and each revision (build) creates an updated .kbf data file.
5. The Target folder (View Run-Time Targets in Explorer) for your project will always have the most recently build KEYBOARD.KBF.

## UNIX

Build-A-Board Run-Time Target: UNIX

### UNIX - 32 bit (UNICODE 2.20)

As of the 2.20 release, there is not a pre-built, ready-to-run UNIX deployable target. The reason is there has been no customer demand for any particular UNIX version. However, due to the cross-platform design and support for the low-level XLib interface, and file & memory similarities between Linux and Mac OS X and UNIX, and older UNIX development, this deployable target awaits an actual customer need. If you are reading this with this requirement, please contact IMG directly.

## Mac OS X

Build-A-Board Run-Time Target: Mac OS X

The Mac OS X target is built under XCode for 10.4 Intel and will work with 10.5/10.6. If older support is required, please contact IMG Technical Support.

### Mac OS X (10.4 and higher) - 32 bit (UNICODE 2.20)

#### Target Files

My-T-Soft.app

This is the My-T-Soft executable that reads the KEYBOARD.KBF layout (or multiple file layouts), and displays the window to the user.

Macrobat.app

This is the Macro Batch Processor. It is the support process for managing inter-process communication and handling low-level interface issues.

SeeThru.app

This is the slider display that enables/disables transparency, and sets transparency level. My-T-Soft must be running to access this tool.

KEYBOARD.KBF

WELCOME.KBF

The KBF file is the default display file for the My-T-Soft Board (from Build-A-Board). Any other KBF files are projects that have been built - With each successful build, a KEYBOARD.KBF and a ProjectName.KBF file are created in the Target folder.

### **Deploying My-T-Soft Build-A-Board custom layouts onto Mac OS X**

There are 2 aspects - the My-T-Soft software (program), and then the custom KBF file (data).

#### **Step 1: Get built KBF (& install files)**

From Build-A-Board, after you have designed, then Built the layout, you can go to the Run-time menu | View Project Run-Time Targets folder (or use Shift-F11) to open explorer and view the target location. You will find a MACOSX folder - this can be copied to a new "target" Mac system.

#### **Step 2: Install on Mac**

You can open the DMG, and mount the disk, then drag the My-T-Soft folder to the Applications folder. This will put the run-time software onto the target system, and create a /Applications/My-T-Soft folder - if you use Finder, and run My-T-Soft, you will see the demo layouts

#### **Step 3: Drop in your custom KBF**

From the Copied files, you will see a KEYBOARD.KBF and a [Your Project Name].KBF - for testing, if only 1 layout, just copy the KEYBOARD.KBF to the /Applications/My-T-Soft folder (make sure My-T-Soft is closed). Then run My-T-Soft, and you will see your custom layout.

#### **Tips:**

1. Get My-T-Soft on the target first - you can download the demo from the website, or copy the DMG file from the Targets location, and install.
2. The DMG is bare-bones, but it works - when opened, just click on the My-T-Soft folder, and drag it into the shortcut for the Applications folder - it will do the copy for you.
3. To run My-T-Soft, just use Finder, open Applications, open the My-T-Soft folder, then double-click on My-T-Soft
4. My-T-Soft is the program, the KBF file is the data. Currently, for simplicity, all data must be in the /Applications/My-T-Soft location - just copy KEYBOARD.KBF in (overwrite existing) and run My-T-Soft.
5. As you make updates, just copy in KEYBOARD.KBF from each new build. Once My-T-Soft is on the target, you just need to copy in your "new" data file, i.e. updated .kbf file. Think Word Processer (Program) and a Document File (Data) - the .kbf is the .doc, and each revision (build) creates an updated .kbf data file.
6. The Target folder (View Run-Time Targets in Explorer) for your project will always have the most recently build KEYBOARD.KBF.

# Chapter 6. Build-A-Board Run-Time Targets Notes

## Build-A-Board Run-Time Targets Notes

### Build-A-Board Run-Time Targets Notes

Each Run-Time Target is built with target specific code, shared core application code, and abstracted API interface code. Because of compile, system, and code differences it is important to understand that each Run-Time Target should be considered its own Program, and as such, could be different than other Run-Time targets (due to completely different code/design/implementation). The following chapter covers areas that affect the Run-Time targets - sometimes on a particular platform, sometimes across a feature and its implementation, and sometimes on an aspect affecting one particular option or feature.

While at first glance, an on-screen keyboard seems like a relatively easy program to develop, the nature of low-level development, platform differences, and the various areas that require in-depth programming practices to create a seamless user-interface requires a great deal of effort. Most programs can be modular, and focus on low-level specific functions, or high-level, and focus on user interface aspects. Due to the nature of the on-screen keyboard, not only is a high-level user interface required, but so is a low-level interface into the system. For speed and responsiveness, access to video calls at a system level is required, along with typically system or low-level calls to operate and work with interprocess communication and virtual keyboard input. As such, code must be written at a system level, and the effort to create an environment that compiles at a native level across multiple platforms is not trivial or easy. So while an on-screen keyboard is something you might be able to do in a few hours with a high-level tool such as Visual Basic, you will find that animal won't even get in the door to run in Linux or Mac OS X (unless you have the means to recreate that whole high-level environment). Alternatives such as Java or Qt provide cross-platform environments for certain aspects, but can't provide the power and flexibility of operating without this abstraction layer between the code and the system, and also add a requirement that may be a show-stopper in embedded, secure, or other less-than-full-featured environments.

The various constraints and goals of creating a native, system level tool that can not only provide keyboard and system actions, along with a flexible user-interface that is responsive and an effective tool has resulted in each Run-Time target being its own Program, while operating on a shared Data format (KBF File). Because it is not always the same code operating on the data, and the scope and complexity of entire Build-A-Board concept, there may be issues or unintended consequences that may result when certain combinations of features, program/data interaction, and user actions occur.

One concept in programming is "Design for Test" so that every possible input and output can be tested & verified. While that sounds good on paper, it is a virtual impossibility when applied to the scope of Build-A-Board (unless access to virtually unlimited resources is made available). Due to the facts that the user can create an unlimited combination of layouts, labels, and actions; for each platform, a wide range of processes and services can interact with the system; each user can perform different actions and sequences of interaction to generate results; therefore, it is probable that some user, on some platform, with some feature may experience a result that isn't expected, or isn't correct.

In conclusion, one of the engineering constraints was not having unlimited resources to verify every combination of features for every situation for every platform for every possible situation. Therefore, we strongly recommend customers continue with on-going support, for updates, fixes, and access to

technical support staff.

## Images

### Images

The PNG format is used for carrying key and panel images within the KBF file. This format was chosen because it is lossless and compressed, and supported on all current target platforms. However, the support on each platform has various limitations, and the information below covers some of these aspects. For best results, use 24-bit color images (16 million colors) vs. 8-bit (256 colors).

If a key or panel contains a PNG image to display, and there is some problem on the run-time system to display the PNG image, a black background will be all that is shown on the key/panel. So an expected PNG image showing a black background indicates a PNG display issue, and you should reference the information below for more details on a particular system.

### PNG on Windows

To display PNG files, the system GDIPlus.dll must be available. This was added during the life of XP, so it may not be available on Windows 2000, or older, not up-to-date XP systems. There is a redistributable available from Microsoft (see WindowsXP-KB975337-x86-ENU.exe, knowledgebase KB975337) to add this to older systems.

MYTISOFT.EXE requires the GDIKIT.DLL file to be in the same folder as MYTISOFT.EXE - the dependency link is GDIKIT.DLL which needs MSVC80?.DLL which relies on GDIPLUS.DLL for PNG display. The most effective way to resolve a black background / no PNG display issue on Windows is as follows:

- Verify GDIKIT.DLL is in the same folder as MYTISOFT.EXE
- For 2000/XP, Verify GDIPLUS.DLL is on the system (\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32)
- For 2000/XP, GDIKIT.DLL may need C run-time (CRT) libraries - copy these files from \Program Files\Build-A-Board\BIN: Microsoft.VC80.CRT.manifest, msvcm80.dll, msvcp80.dll, msucr80.dll into the same folder as GDIKIT.DLL

### PNG on Linux

Linux requires the libpng to be on the system - when installed (e.g. Debian "apt-get install libpng") a libpng.so file (.so = shared object) is typically a symbolic link in the /usr/lib folder. The run-time mytsoft on Linux uses a library call (dlopen/dlsym/etc.) to access the library without requiring it (for cases where the system does not have libpng available). So the following may be helpful in getting images displayed on a Linux system (if a KBF with images shows a black background where you would expect the image).

- Important requirement 1: libpng support must be available
- Important requirement 2: libpng.so is only file accessed, so symbolic link may be required.
- Verify the libpng is available - apt-get install, Synaptic, rpm, yast, yum, etc. dependent on the distribution
- The run-time mytsoft ONLY looks for libpng.so - so if this is not resolving, check for libpng.so in /usr/lib (or /usr/lib64, etc.) a symbolic link may be required if no actual libpng.so is there (for example, use "ls -l /usr/lib/libpng\*[Enter]" for details on links - to create libpng.so, use "ln -s /usr/lib/libpng.so.3.1.2.8 /usr/lib/libpng.so[Enter]" (root/superuser required))

- Actual lib location (lib vs. lib64, or /lib vs. /usr/lib vs. /usr/png/lib) - use ldd command, e.g. "ldd mytsoft[Enter]" to list dependencies of mytsoft (and where library locations are on the system) or use "man hier[Enter]" to see the system's manual page on the file hierarchy
- Run from command prompt for error details reported from libpng code - it may help identify a dependency, or specific issue that can be resolved.

### **PNG on Mac OS X**

The PNG display code is available in the native system API, so there are no known issues with PNG display on this platform.

## **Fonts**

### **Fonts**

Font support on the various platform is varied. One issue is the the development system for the Builder may have Fonts that are not on the target run-time system, and the matching algorithm (dependent on the run-time program) may not select an acceptable substitute. It is best to limit fonts to family (e.g. serif vs. san-serif), or work with known target available fonts. Fonts are also not necessarily system transferrable, and there may be licensing issues with particular fonts. Also, with UNICODE support, some fonts may not be fully populated for all glyphs on the target system, resulting in inconsistent results.

The following outlines some known issues and implementation notes for Fonts on the target systems. Because there is no consistency or world standard on fonts, names, and support on a particular system, fonts can represent a challenge for implementers of cross-platform run-time targets.

### **Fonts on Windows**

Because Windows fonts can typically be moved (or are available) for multiple Windows systems, the only real concern is matching the fonts on the development system (where the Builder is creating the board), and the run-time target system(s).

### **Fonts on Linux**

Linux has a well designed font matching and labeling system, but due to licensing and varied support, not all fonts available on Windows may be available on a particular run-time Linux system. Also, full Unicode support for various glyphs can be limited, especially when mixing font styles and sizes. The default approach is to perform a match based on Linux font naming and try different sizes within that family. Trying different fonts, or working with more common fonts may yield the best results when working on Linux run-times.

**Note:** Additional support for overrides and manual matching will be added to Linux run-times, but is currently not available.

### **Fonts on Mac OS X**

The font calling mechanism on Mac OS X is also different than Windows, although there is more font availability on Mac OS X. Trying different fonts, or working with more common fonts may yield the best results when working on Mac OS X run-times.

**Note:** Additional support for overrides and manual matching will be added to Mac OS X run-times, but is currently not available.

# Caps Lock

## Caps Lock

Caps Lock and Shift operation is different on different platforms, and also for different languages (e.g. French). Over time, the generally preferred operation has been to change the on-screen keyboard label to match the resultant key press for alphabetic & shifted keys. This is accomplished through Shifted Key Labels and run-time operation settings.

## Caps Lock on Windows

The default operation is to have the shift toggle the alphabetic keys out of their capital (shifted) modes.

## Caps Lock on Linux

The default operation is to have the shift toggle the alphabetic keys out of their capital (shifted) modes.

## Caps Lock on Mac OS X

The default operation is to ignore the shift state when the Caps Lock state is set. This is implemented as a special case in the shared run-time code.

**Note:** The Caps Aware key type available in the Builder is not implemented with this release. The approach will be to move the Caps Lock operation and state management as a layout option and user-settable. Because this aspect of an on-screen keyboard can be manipulated based on the layout, system, or user, moving towards the most flexible implementation by making this configurable will resolve various issues.

# **Part IV. Build-A-Board Technical Notes**

## **Advanced, Technical, and additional Operation notes.**

**Details and information on the technical architecture, design, and use of Build-A-Board.**

**Chapter 7 - Build-A-Board Technical Notes** contains general technical information, and release notes.

# Chapter 7. Advanced User Notes

## Advanced User Notes & Information

The Advanced User Notes and Technical Documentation covers a wide-range of topics & information. Detailing all of the features, options, settings mixed in with the standard product help would overwhelm the majority of users, so the more technical and advanced portions are included here.

**Note:** For up-to-date information, and other specific technical issues, it will always be important to refer to the on-line support database at <http://www.imgpresents.com/imgfaq.htm>

**Note:** For developers, integrators, or technicians, the following information should be read in its entirety - also refer to the IMG Developer's Kit for even more options & other advanced information.

If you have been referred to this section, or have been unable to resolve your question(s) or problems within this manual, on-line help, and tutorial, or are an advanced user and wish to learn additional information about Build-A-Board not required for typical end-users, please read the following chapter. For developers, integrators, or technicians, the following information may be useful and should be read in its entirety.

## Build-A-Board Files & File Notes & Installation Information

Build-A-Board Files & File Notes

Files located in the \Program Files\Build-A-Board\BIN Installation Directory:

**Note:** Previous versions of Build-A-Board had SOURCE and TARGET folders in the \Program Files\Build-A-Board folder. After Microsoft released Vista, standard users no longer had permission to write files in the \Program Files area, so these folders are installed in the shared/public Documents area. But for consistency, and future use, the single folder BIN remains as the only sub-folder.

The following files are REQUIRED for proper operation of

- BUILDERU.EXE - Build-A-Board executable - the Builder / Layout editor
- BABTCU.EXE - Build-A-Board Text Compiler executable - used by the Builder
- BABDLLU.DLL - Build-A-Board support library - used by the Builder
- IMGUTIL.EXE - used for installation and uninstallation of software
- IMGVERS.DLL - IMG Dynamic Link Library
- GDICONVERT.EXE - Image conversion program (GDIPlus required) (BMP/JPG/GIF/PNG/TIF)

- GDIKIT.DLL - Interface DLL for GDIPlus / GDIConvert
- HELP\\*.html, HELP\IMAGES\\*.png - Build-A-Board Help
- KEYS.INI - Reference file for User selectable Keys window (Builder)
- LICENSE.EXE - IMG License Manager
- LICENSE2.EXE - IMG License verification only (read-only access)
- LICENSE.LIC - IMG License File (with current license)
- LICENSE.ORG - Original IMG License File (as released)
- README.TXT - Product Installation text file
- MANIFEST.TXT - Reference File from Build

Microsoft redistributable files (GDI support)

- Microsoft.VC80.CRT.manifest - manifest for MS VC run-time DLL (GDI support)
- MSVCM80.DLL - MS VC run-time DLL (GDI support)
- MSVCP80.DLL - MS VC run-time DLL (GDI support)
- MSVCR80.DLL - MS VC run-time DLL (GDI support)
- SEETHRU.EXE - Separate EXE for controlling transparency (Windows)
- STOCK.DLL - 2.10 support, HiRes graphics resource library
- UNZIP32S.DLL - Dynamic Link Library for installation and updates
- ZIP32.DLL - Dynamic Link Library for ZIP compression
- ZIPDLL.DLL - IMG interface into Zip/Unzip DLLs
- uninstall.exe - Used for un-installation link (MSI Installs)

KMF Files (Keyboard Macro Files) (default keyboard mapping tables):

- KEYBRD01.KMF - Windows default keyboard map
- MAC00000.KMF - Basic macro file
- MACOSX.KMF - Mac OS X default keyboard map
- XLIB.KMF - X Windows default keyboard map

Target Folders:

- LINUX32 - Linux 32-bit Intel binary (as .tar.gz)
- LINUX64 - Linux 64-bit Intel binary (as .tar.gz)
- MACOSX32 - Mac OS X 32-bit Intel binary (as .DMG)
- MSWIN - Microsoft Windows (2.10 ANSI) 32-bit Intel binary
- MSWIN32 - Microsoft Windows (2.20 UNICODE) 32-bit Intel binary
- TEST - Builder system run-time binary (Testing layouts from within Builder)
- WCE\_ARM - Microsoft Windows CE (2.10 ANSI) 32-bit ARM binary
- WCE\_MIPS - Microsoft Windows CE (2.10 ANSI) 32-bit MIPS binary
- WCE\_SH3 - Microsoft Windows CE (2.10 ANSI) 32-bit SH3 binary
- WCE\_SH4 - Microsoft Windows CE (2.10 ANSI) 32-bit SH4 binary

Other Folders:

- MANAGER\ESTABLISH.EXE - this is a post installation utility that establishes or updates the IMG Download Manager and IMG License Manager files as outlined below.

**Located in \Program Files\Common Files\Innovation Management Group\Download Manager directory:**

- IMGCLEAN.EXE - used to complete uninstall of software, required for Control Panel Add/Remove Programs

- IMGDLM.EXE - The IMG Download Manager - Installed by MANAGER\ESTABLISH.EXE

- IMGNET.DLL - The IMG Download Manager Library - Installed by MANAGER\ESTABLISH.EXE

**Located in \Program Files\Common Files\Innovation Management Group\License Manager directory:**

- LICENSE.DLL - library used by the IMG License Manager and IMG Download Manager

## Build Process Notes

When opening or building board with many keys (est. 200+), it is possible that some systems will remain in loading or building state for a long period of time, or actually not complete the process. During the load and build process, the Build-A-Board Text Compiler gets initiated for each window, panel, key, etc., and when there are many keys, there can be hundreds of processes of the Text Compiler launched to compile each source file - see Build-A-Board Text Compiler notes.

If you experience this on a system, be sure to check for proper system memory configuration, virtual memory configuration, and free disk space. You can refer to the Task Manager to see if there are any BABTCU.EXE processes running (and you can end these processes within the Task Manager to cancel the load or build process - note, however, that results will be incomplete, and Build-A-Board should be closed without saving any projects). You may wish to reset the system, and check system logs for any system issues that may affect memory or the ability of the system to launch and run processes.

## Run-Time Log Files

In the Windows, Linux, and Mac OS X run-time platforms, there is support for a run-time log file to identify KBF, License, and other run-time aspects during operation. The file itself is the flag to indicate logging should occur. The file must be named **mytsoft.log**, and it must reside in the same folder as the MYTSOFT.EXE/mytsoft/My-T-Soft.app (i.e. the location of the executable for My-T-Soft).

You can create an empty file with a text editor, or at the command prompt, use the following approach: On Linux and Mac OS X, , or use the touch command, e.g. touch mytsoft.log[Enter]. On Windows, use copy con mytsoft.log[Enter]Ctrl-Z (or F6 key)[Enter].

**Note:** It is recommended you delete this file when you are done working with the log file, as it will continue to grow if left in existence.

**Note:** Macrobat also will look for the mytsoft.log file, and will log information in the same file (indicated as Macrobat).

**Note:** The logged information is currently fairly limited, and is primarily meant for debugging purposes to indicate how far into initialization sequence the program has gone, and for license info. If there are specific needs or requirements, please contact IMG technical support for further info. It is anticipated that more documentation and log options will be added in the future.

## Developer's Kit

All relevant & up-to-date Help information is part of the IMG Developer's Kit - See the DEVKTDOC folder. Also reference on-line information at IMG's Developer's Corner (<http://www.imgpresents.com/imgdev.htm>).

2.20 Version

In the 2.20 Version, all Developer's Kit tools and information is in the IMG Developer's Kit.

## Final Release Notes

Version 2.20 (August 9, 2010)

**Version 2.20 Release 3 is the first public, licensable version of Build-A-Board (previous releases were Evaluation only)**

Support for Linux/Unix/Mac OS X, updates for Windows Vista/7, Windows CE, and 32-bit and 64-bit support. The 2.20 KBF includes support for Unicode, modifiable key-mappings, user options (MYTSOFT.INI), image support, and flexible license options.

Version 2.10 (March 21, 2002)

Many of the missing user-interface pieces in the 2.00 release have been addressed. Support for all major Windows CE releases has been included. Projects in 2.00 will be automatically converted to the 2.10 formats. See the Release Notes (RELEASE.WRI) for final feature list & known limitations.

Version 2.00 (April 9, 2001)

As the first commercially available release, we acknowledge that this is the very beginning... In order to address all our customers needs, and in response to our customers who are able to build satisfactory solutions given the limitations within the Builder and the various support components, we have released the software as the 2.00 version. See the Release Notes (RELEASE.WRI) for final feature list & known limitations.

## Closed Project Storage as Zip

Build-A-Board Projects contain numerous files. Most file storage approaches use file allocation schemes that allocate a minimum storage unit. Since many small files can use a disproportional amount of storage space, using a file compression approach to store closed projects helps conserve the system's storage space. Since the Zip format is common and there are numerous utilities available to manipulate these types of files, the use of this format was chosen. The ZIP32.DLL and

UNZIP32S.DLL file used for Zip files was not developed by Innovation Management Group, Inc. The following copyright & license information is included here as required.

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